ANNUAL REPORT 2022







Message From Chairman

Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of my colleagues on the Board of Country View Berhad, I am pleased to present the Company's Annual Report and Financial Statements of the Company and the Group for the financial year ended 30 November 2022.

Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid (Executive Chairman)



We, the Country View Group aspire to be a premier property developer, ensuring high customer satisfaction by providing quality residences and properties, built in a safe and healthy environment.



- Providing quality housing and commercial properties that meet the evolving needs of our customers, and thereby contribute towards the development of Malaysia.
- Creating strong returns for our shareholders.
- Keeping a healthy and conducive working environment for our employees to best exert their individual potential and ability.
- Ensuring a safe, healthy and harmonious environment for communities within our developments, where people can feel "at home".
- Supporting socio-economic development, by building and developing more affordable homes so that more people are able to purchase their own property.
- Committing to an environmentally friendly approach, we aim to develop our properties in the greenest way possible.



- Best Under Billion Awards 2015
 Runner-up, Best Dividend Yield
- 2 Starproperty.my Awards 2018, Jewels Of Johor The Best Family Centric Development
- 3 Best Assessment Payment Record Under Developer Category, Majlis Bandaraya Iskandar Puteri
- 4 iProperty Development Excellence Awards 2021
 Winner of Ingenious Resort Living Development

- 5 PropertyGuru Asia Property Awards Malaysia 2021
 - Winner of the Best Club House Design for Aurora Resort Villas
- PropertyGuru Asia Property Awards 2018
 The Best Landed Development (Iskandar)
- 7 BEI Asia Awards 2015/16
 Environmental Conservation Award



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Corporate Information

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Al Executive Chairman Law Kit Tat Executive Director Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean Executive Director Wong Joon Chin Executive Director		Cho Seni Han Inde	r Kee Kong -Independent Non-Executive Director rong Shiau Yoon for Independent Non-Executive Director Hing Siew pendent Non-Executive Director Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun pendent Non-Executive Director
AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE	Chairman Choong Shiau Yoon Member Law Kee Kong Han Hing Siew	REGISTERE OFFICE	ĒD	Suite 5.11 & 5.12 5 th Floor Menara TJB No. 9 Jalan Syed Mohd. Mufti 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor Malaysia Tel: +607-224 2823 Email: plc@cisgroup93.com
NOMINATION COMMITTEE	Chairman Choong Shiau Yoon Member Law Kee Kong Han Hing Siew	PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS		Unit 26-01, Level 26, Menara Landmark No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor Malaysia Tel: +607-223 6799 Fax: +607-224 6557 Website: www.countryview.com.my
REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	Chairman Han Hing Siew Member Law Kee Kong Choong Shiau Yoon	SHARE REGISTRAF	२	ShareWorks Sdn. Bhd. Reg. No 199101019611 (229948-U) No. 2-1, Jalan Sri Hartamas 8 Sri Hartamas 50480 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Tel: +603-6201 1120 Fax: +603-6201 3121 / 6201 5959
SECRETARIES	Lee Wee Hee (MAICSA 0773340) SSM Practicing Certificate No. 201908004010 Hung Siow Ping (MAICSA 7039825) SSM Practicing Certificate No. 202008000534	PRINCIPAL BANKERS		AmBank (M) Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad MBSB Bank Berhad RHB Bank Berhad United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Bhd
AUDITOR	BDO PLT (LLP0018825-LCA & AF 0206) Suite 18-04, Level 18 Menara Zurich No. 15, Jalan Dato' Abdullah Tahir	STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING		Main Market Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Code: 5049 Stock Name: CVIEW Listing Date: 29 May 2002

80300 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

Group Structure

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Building Homes for Generations

COUNTRY VIEW BERHAD

Reg. No: 198101012190 (78320-K)

100% wholly owned subsidiaries:

Country View Resources Sdn. Bhd.

Reg. No. 200001021248 (523855-A)

Country View Properties Sdn Bhd.

Reg. No. 199601016140 (388490-A)

Country View Property Management Sdn. Bhd.

Reg. No. 200301007046 (609466-K)

Country View Greens Sdn. Bhd.

Reg No. 200301025000 (627420-K)

Country View Land Sdn. Bhd.

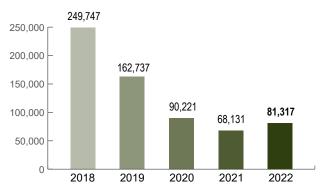
Reg. No. 199901015365 (490265-X)

Five Years Financial Highlights

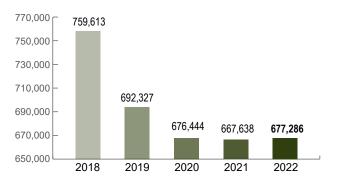
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	Audited 30-Nov 2022	Audited 30-Nov 2021	Audited 30-Nov 2020	Audited 30-Nov 2019	Audited 30-Nov 2018
FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED			Restated	Restated	Restated
Financial Results					
Revenue (RM'000)	81,317	68,131	90,221	162,737	249,747
Profit Before Taxation (RM'000)	4,132	9.993	19.916	33.892	99,135
Profit After Taxation (RM'000)	3,038	6,614	13,495	24,871	76,858
Gross Dividend Per Share (sen)	7	5	3	8	5
Financial Position					
Total Cash, Bank Balance and	- 400	00.047	44.405	40.450	5 4 3 4 4
Deposit (RM'000)	7,166	20,317	14,185	13,450	54,744
Total Assets (RM'000)	677,286	667,638	676,444	692,327	759,613
Total Borrowings (RM'000)	209,932	204,994	222,745	213,308	307,678
Share Capital (RM'000)	100,124	100,124	100,124	100,124	100,124
Reserve (RM'000)	311,986	314,948	310,334	304,839	284,497
Equity Attributable To Owners Of					
The Parent (RM'000)	412,110	415,072	410,458	404,963	384,621
Electrical I Butter					
Financial Ratios					
Basic Earnings Per Share (sen)	3.04	6.61	13.50	24.87	76.86
Net Assets Per Share Attributable To Owners Of The Parent (RM)	4.12	4.15	4.10	4.05	3.85
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Return On Equity (%)	1.00	2.41	4.85	8.37	25.77
Net Gearing Ratio (times)	0.51	0.49	0.54	0.53	0.80

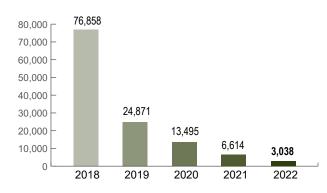
Revenue (RM'000)



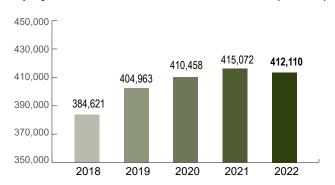
Total Assets (RM'000)



Profit/(Loss) After Taxation (RM'000)



Equity Attributable To Owners Of The Parent (RM'000)



Profile of Directors

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TAN SRI MOHAMED AL AMIN BIN ABDUL MAJID

67 years of age Malaysian, Male

Executive Chairman

Tan Sri was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") as the Executive Chairman on 1 February 2001. He qualified with a Diploma in Technology from Oxford College of Further Education and a degree in Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of Aston, Birmingham, United Kingdom which conferred him an Honorary Doctorate Degree – Doctor of Science.

He is also a Corporate Member of the Institute of Engineers, Malaysia (IEM) and a professional engineer (PE).

He served Perak State Development Corporation (PSDC) as a Project Engineer in 1979 and was later appointed as Executive Director of Maju Bangun Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of PSDC.

He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He has no family relationship with any of the Directors and/ or major shareholders of CVB. He has interests in certain companies carrying on similar businesses/trades as the CVB Group. During the financial year up to the date of this Report, he has not been involved in any new business which will give rise to competition/conflict with the current business of the Group. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He directly holds 626,200 ordinary shares of the Company.

LAW KIT TAT

62 years of age Malaysian, Male

Executive Director

Mr. Law was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 2 June 1986. He also holds directorships in all the subsidiaries of CVB. While he was doing his second year in Civil Engineering at the University of Sunderland (formerly known as Sunderland Polytechnic) in the United Kingdom, he was requested to return to Malaysia to assist in his family's business.

He has extensive experience in the property development business through his involvement in the industry for the past 36 years.

He also sits on the Board of several other private limited companies. He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He is the brother of Mr. Law Kee Kong, a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of CVB. He has interests in certain companies carrying on similar businesses/trades as the CVB Group. During the financial year up to the date of this Report, he has not been involved in any new business which will give rise to competition/conflict with the current business of the Group. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He directly holds 22,007,800 ordinary shares of the Company and has deemed interest in 4,921,600 ordinary shares of the Company pursuant to Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act, 2016.

Profile of Directors Cont'd



WONG CHEE SEAN @ WONG SEAN

53 years of age Malaysian, Male

Executive Director

Mr. Wong was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 2 March 1993. He also sits on the Board of all CVB's subsidiaries.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration (majoring in International Business Marketing) from the San Francisco State University.

He has over 28 years of experience in the property development industry and is also actively involved in several other business ventures such as oil palm plantations, timber plantations, investment holding and investment in properties. He is currently a director of several other private limited companies. He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He is the cousin of Mdm. Wong Joon Chin, an Executive Director of CVB. He has interests in certain companies carrying on similar businesses/trades as the CVB Group. During the financial year up to the date of this Report, he has not been involved in any new business which will give rise to competition/conflict with the current business of the Group. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He directly holds 10,608,736 ordinary shares of the Company.

WONG JOON CHIN

65 years of age Malaysian, Female

Executive Director

Mdm. Wong was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 30 May 1986. She has extensive experience in the property development industry and holds directorship in all the subsidiaries of CVB. She holds a Bachelor of Science (Hons) degree in Banking and International Finance from the City University in London, United Kingdom.

She also has extensive experience in business. She does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies. She is also a director of several other private limited companies.

She attended all 5 of the board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. She is the cousin of Mr. Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean, an Executive Director and major shareholder of CVB. She has interests in certain companies carrying on similar businesses/trades as the CVB Group. During the financial year up to the date of this Report, she has not been involved in any new business which will give rise to competition/conflict with the current business of the Group. She has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. She directly holds 2,150,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

Profile of Directors Cont'd



LAW KEE KONG

60 years of age Malaysian, Male

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Member:

- Audit and Risk Management Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Remuneration Committee

Mr. Law was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 27 March 2002. He holds a Bachelor of Arts (majoring in Economics) from the University of Manitoba, Canada. He is currently involved and sits on the Board of various family-controlled companies which are mainly engaged in the business of property investment and housing development.

He is a director of several other private limited companies. He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He is the younger brother of Mr. Law Kit Tat, an Executive Director of CVB. He has interests in certain companies carrying on similar businesses/trades as the CVB Group. During the financial year up to the date of this Report, he has not been involved in any new business which will give rise to competition/conflict with the current business of the Group. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He directly holds 3,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

CHOONG SHIAU YOON

65 years of age Malaysian, Male

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Chairman:

- Audit and Risk Management Committee
- Nomination Committee

Member:

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Choong was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 27 March 2002. He has been a member (Chartered Accountant) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants since 1985. He is also a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) and a Fellow of the Chartered Taxation Institute of Malaysia. He also gained a Master of Science in Business Finance from Brunel University, London.

He qualified as a member of ACCA in England in 1985 and continued to gain further experience and exposure in auditing and tax in England before enrolling for a Master of Science in Business Finance in September 1989. He returned to Malaysia after completing the Master of Science in October 1990 and joined KPMG in Johor Bahru in January 1991. After more than three years in KPMG, he left in 1994 to start his own practice in Johor Bahru until now. Mr. Choong is also a Certified Internal Auditor and his practice include internal audit assignments of listed and non-listed entities.

His experience apart from auditing ranges from involvement in the capacity of reporting accountant for companies seeking a listing on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, restructuring, engaging in mergers and takeovers and various aspects of tax and business consultancy. He is currently a director of several other private limited companies. He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

Mr. Choong served as a Member of Parliament for Tebrau, Johor from May 2018 to November 2022.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He has no family relationship with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of CVB. He does not have any conflict of interest with CVB. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He does not hold any shares in the Company.

Profile of Directors Cont'd



HAN HING SIEW

64 years of age Malaysian, Male

Independent Non-Executive Director

Chairman:

- Remuneration Committee

Member.

- Audit and Risk Management Committee
- Nomination Committee

Mr. Han was appointed to the Board of Country View Berhad ("CVB") on 1st December 2018. Mr. Han graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce degree (majoring in Accounting) from the University of Otago, New Zealand. He has been a member (Chartered Accountants) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants since 1992. He qualified as a Certified Financial Planner by the Financial Planning Association of Malaysia since 2003.

He joined AmInvestment Bank Berhad in 1991 and retired in 2016. He has served as Head of Investment Banking for the Southern Region which encompassed Corporate Advisory services (for Corporate Finance & Debt Capital Market), Corporate Loans, Treasury Solutions and Stockbroking services. His experience includes advising companies seeking listing on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, restructuring, mergers, acquisitions, takeovers, loan syndications, bonds and sukuk issuance and bilateral loans.

He sits as an Independent Non-Executive Director of Dominant Enterprise Berhad which is listed on the Main Board of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

He attended all 5 board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 November 2022. He has no family relationship with any of the Directors and/or major shareholders of CVB. He does not have any conflict of interest with CVB. He has no convictions for offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He does not hold any shares in the Company.

TAN SRI AZHAR BIN AZIZAN @ HARUN

60 years of age Malaysian, Male

Independent Non-Executive Director

Tan Sri Azhar was appointed to the Board of CVB on 13 March 2023.

He was previously a member of the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director from 27 March 2002 to 10 December 2018.

Tan Sri Azhar graduated from the University of Malaya with an LLB (Hons) degree in 1986. He was admitted as an Advocate and Solicitor of the High Court of Malaya on 27 February 1987. In 1990, he obtained his Master of Law degree with merit from King's College, University of London specialising in Corporate and Commercial Law.

Tan Sri Azhar has extensive experience as an Advocate & Solicitor and currently concentrates his practice on litigation matters involving shareholders rights and remedies, corporate liquidation and receivership; corporate debt restructuring and building and construction claims. He is now practicing law in Messrs Azhar & Goh.

Tan Sri Azhar was the Chairman of the Malaysian Election Commission from 2018 to 2020 and he was the Speaker of the Malaysian House of Representatives from 2020 to 2022. He does not hold directorship in any other listed issuer or public companies.

Tan Sri Azhar has no family relationship with any of the Directors and/or major shareholder of CVB. He does not have any conflict of interest with CVB. He has no convictions for offences other than traffic offences within the past 5 years (other than traffic offences, if any) and there was no public sanction or penalty imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year. He does not hold any shares in the Company.



Profile of Senior Management

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Save as disclosed below, none of the senior management personnel has:

- a) any directorship in public companies and listed issuers;
- b) any family relationship with any directors and/or major shareholders of the Company;
- c) any conflict of interest with the Company;
- d) any conviction for offences (other than traffic offences) in the past 5 years; and
- e) any public sanction or penalty imposed by any relevant regulatory bodies during the financial year.

YEE GEE MIN

72 years of age Malaysian, Male

Group General Manager

Mr. Yee joined the company on 1 December 1985. He is responsible for the overall operations of the company. Throughout his service with the company, he has assisted the Board of Directors in creating an excellent corporate culture by providing immaculate service to customers and ensuring exceptional quality in all our products. Mr. Yee also oversees the development of all employees in the company and ensures that shareholders' interests are protected at all times.

Mr. Yee obtained a Bachelor of Science from the National Taiwan University in 1973. Upon his graduation, he joined his family's business and was involved in numerous housing development projects and oil palm plantations in the state of Sabah. To date, he has accumulated more than 45 years of hands-on working experience in the property development sector.

ONG SENG PIOW CA (M), ACMA

55 years of age Malaysian, Male

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Ong joined the Company on 21 June 2007 as Senior Manager, Accounts & Services. He assumed the role of Chief Financial Officer on 1 February 2013. He is responsible for and oversees the Accounts and Finance Department of the Group.

Mr. Ong graduated with a professional degree in Management Accounting from the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA), UK in 1993. He was registered as a Chartered Accountant with the Malaysian Institute of Accountants in 1997 and also a Chartered Global Management Accountant with the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, UK.

He started his working career in 1990 as an Audit/Tax Assistant with a public accounting firm and later worked in various companies in different industries that included manufacturing, tin mining and quarrying. He began another chapter of his career and joined a subsidiary of IJM Corporation Bhd in September 1994 where he spent an extensive part of his career with the IJM Group till June 2007.



Management Discussion and Analysis

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Dear Valued Shareholders,

We are pleased to present the Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 (FY2022) which is intended to provide the reader with the highlights of Country View Berhad ("Country View" or "The Group") as we remain committed to be a premier property developer.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND HIGHLIGHTS IN FY2022

After more than two years of the Covid-19 coronavirus global pandemic where lockdowns, movement, operating and economic restrictions were imposed, Malaysia transitioned into the endemic phase as all economic sectors progressively returned to normalcy. The re-opening of the borders between Johor and Singapore since 1st April 2022 by the respective governments had largely been beneficial and provided the necessary catalyst to the economy of Johor. The outbreak and escalation of the Russia-Ukraine war soon presented new macro-economic challenges that were faced as we recovered from the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic.

We began FY2022 with the launch of our new development, the *Aurora Resort Villas* (ARVs) at *Aurora Sentral*, Iskandar Puteri, Johor. We conducted a soft launch for the ARVs in January 2022 whilst the official launch was conducted in February 2022. We are pleased to inform that we achieved an overwhelming sales take-up for the ARVs with gross sales value of RM149.3 million and combined with the bookings for gross sales of the completed properties and investment properties at *Taman Nusa Sentral*, *Iskandar Puteri*, Johor amounting to RM50.6 million, the total gross sales value was RM199.9 million as compared to RM74.0 million in FY2021.

The ARVs are the first resort tourism villas in Iskandar Puteri with an exclusive commercial title for landed strata development where concierge services are provided. It incorporates a modern concept characterised by lush parks and gardens situated within a gated and guarded community. An exquisite clubhouse that will be wholly owned by the owners of ARVs providing concierge services for parcel collection and housekeeping, swimming and wading pools, air-conditioned gymnasium, badminton and tennis courts as well as a grand event hall with the capacity to accommodate 200 people are all part of the unique value propositions for this development. Green initiatives such as a system for rainwater harvesting and usage, provision of options for installation of solar panels for these luxury ARVs, well curated landscape along the back gardens of the villas reflect the ongoing sustainability commitment and efforts of our Group.

The ARVs that were launched, was awarded as one of the winners of iProperty Development Excellence Awards 2021 under the category of Ingenious Resort Living Development. The development of the ARVs also won the award from PropertyGuru in the Asia Property Awards Malaysia 2021 for the Best Club House Design.

Evolving with the changing market dynamics, our Group continued to capitalise on digital innovation and online capabilities of various social media and property platforms to showcase our various products. Our website enabled the members of the public to visit and conduct virtual viewings of our development at *Taman Nusa Sentral* and the respective show units that include the 3 storey semi-detached houses under the *Winter Pavilion* series, the 3 storey cluster houses under the Spring Meadow and *Winter Sonata* series and our *One Sentral Serviced Residence* in the comfort of their homes. Members of the public are also able to access the necessary information online and conduct a virtual walkthrough of our latest development, the ARVs at Aurora Sentral. Our collaboration with a Youtube influencer to extend the marketing reach in the promotion of the ARVs proved highly successful.

The appointment of strategic sales agents with a wide network of customers continued to be adopted. These sales agents themselves leveraged the capabilities of the respective social media platforms and their network for prospective buyers. Various promotional packages were also offered to attract the respective buyers.

Tie-ups and support from the various financial institutions for end-financing of the ARVs and our properties enabled our buyers to lock in their desired property purchases. The support from the various financial institutions demonstrates the credibility of the value propositions of our properties.



Management Discussion and Analysis Cont'd

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REVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND HIGHLIGHTS IN FY2022 Cont'd

We implemented the Environmental Monitoring Program (EMP) in the development of *Aurora Sentral* in our commitment to remain as a sustainable developer in line with our sustainability objective on the environment where our Group supports actions to reduce pollution and ensure the reduced impact to the environmental degradation in its business operations. The EMP implemented encompasses river water quality monitoring, ambient air quality monitoring, noise measurement and monitoring of the water quality from the sediment basins. Other health and safety measures at our project sites are also strictly observed in tandem with our project execution.

Our Group further extended the sustainability agenda by contributing to the tree planting programme at Sireh Park, Johor where the staff of Country View Group planted 25 trees in that park. The trees that were planted were tagged accordingly. We also contributed used computers to a school as part of our CSR drive. The used computers were reformatted and installed with the appropriate software before being handed over. The employees of the Group also participated in a joint "gotong-royong" activity that involved staff from Majlis Bandaraya Iskandar Puteri (MBIP), Southern Waste Management Sdn Bhd and the committee members of the residents association of Taman Nusa Sentral in the *Program Johor Bersih Peringkat MBIP 2022* to clean-up the Linear Park, Iskandar Puteri, Johor.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For FY2022, the Group recorded a revenue and profit before tax of RM81.3 million and RM4.1 million respectively as compared to the revenue and profit before tax of RM68.1 million and RM10.0 million respectively in the previous financial year.

The revenue and profit before tax were mainly derived from the property development division. Revenue increased by 19% whilst profit before tax decreased by 59% in the current financial year as compared to the previous financial year. The revenue for the current financial year had increased mainly due to the higher number of properties sold together with the progress of work on the ARVs that were sold. The profit before tax for the current financial year had declined mainly due to increases in the marketing and promotion expenses, administrative expenses and finance costs incurred as well as a lower fair value gain recognised on the investment properties. The administrative expenses for the current financial year had increased mainly due to the loss on the disposal of investment properties as well as the increased quit rent and assessment for *Aurora Sentral* that were levied by the relevant local authorities and were charged out as administrative expenses in the current financial year.

Marketing and promotion expenses for the current financial year were higher than the previous financial year due to expenses incurred in connection with the launch of the ARVs. Finance costs for the current financial year had increased with the hikes in the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) by Bank Negara Malaysia and utilisation of our banking facilities.

The reduction in the inventories of completed properties and the disposal of our investment properties was part of our strategic focus to realise the required cashflows to support the Group for FY2022. The disposal of investment properties of the Group that consisted mainly of three storey shop offices realised cashflows of RM16.5 million for the Group.

We continued to pay down RM28.8 million of our borrowings as part of our scheduled repayment but at the same time we secured and drew down further loan facilities of RM33.1 million during the year. As at the end of the current financial year, the total borrowings increased due to the utilisation of the additional facilities. The debt gearing ratio of the Group remains healthy at 0.51 times as at the end of FY2022 (FY2021 : 0.49 times). As at the end of the financial year, total assets of the Group strengthened to RM677.3 million from RM667.6 million in FY2021.

Meanwhile, the cash and bank balances of the Group declined to RM7.2 million as at the end of FY2022 as compared to RM20.3 million as at the end of FY2021. The Group will strive to ensure adequate liquidity and cash flows as part of its prudent working capital management to meet its financial obligations.

There was no major capital expenditure incurred for FY2022.



Management Discussion and Analysis Cont'd

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DIVIDENDS

The Company does not have any formal dividend policy. The quantum of dividends is determined after taking into account, inter alia, the performance of the Company, level of available funds, the amount of retained earnings, capital expenditure commitments and other investment planning requirements.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2022, the Company declared a second interim single tier dividend of 4 sen per ordinary share on 19 January 2023, paid on 17 February 2023 and combined with the first interim single tier dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share paid on 26 September 2022, the total dividends declared for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 amounted to 7 sen per ordinary share.

In comparison, the total dividends paid in respect of financial year ended 30 November 2021 was 5 sen.

PROSPECTS

As we enter into a new and promising year where Malaysia had successfully entered into the endemic phase with risks of Covid-19 easing, economic sectors have experienced economic recovery. The transition to endemicity and the opening of the international borders since 1st April 2022 are among the factors that had facilitated the growth of economic recovery. For FY2023, we are mindful of the various economic and social headwinds that persist such as the lingering effects of the Covid-19 global pandemic, the uncertainties resulting from the Russia-Ukraine war, the disruption to the supply demand dynamics that had caused the rise in the cost of commodities and materials, the shortage of foreign labour, rising inflation and interest rates.

Our Group will continue to monitor both global and local developments closely to remain proactive and vigilant in mitigating any potential impacts to the businesses of the Group. Efforts to reduce inventories of completed properties to realise cashflows together with measures to maintain and secure adequate liquidity to support the cashflow requirements of the Group whilst ensuring a healthy gearing ratio will continue to be exercised in order for us to remain agile in navigating through the uncertainties. Strategies to contain the rising costs of construction will be carefully formulated together with the necessary plans, product designs and timing of the new launches.

The Group expects its revenue and performance for the financial year ending 30 November 2023 to be derived from the properties sold in Taman Nusa Sentral, Iskandar Puteri, Johor and from the success of the new development of ARVs in Aurora Sentral, Iskandar Puteri, Johor.

The Group is planning to launch the further phase of the ARVs in *Aurora Sentral* as well as the affordable homes under the Rumah Mampu Milik Johor (RMMJ) scheme in *Taman Nusa Sentral* in FY2023.

ANTICIPATED OR KNOWN RISKS

Business Risk

The Group is subject to risks inherent in the property development industry. Such inherent risks may include, adverse changes in real estate market prices, changes in demand for types of residential and commercial properties, competition from other property developers, changes in economic, social and political conditions, delay in completion of property development projects against the scheduled completion, risks of purchaser default, the cost of financing, performance of third-party contractors and sub-contractors, labour and material supply shortages, fluctuations in the prices of building materials and costs of labour charges, increase in sales and services tax (SST) and adverse changes in property tax assessments and other statutory charges. Any adverse change in such conditions may have an adverse material effect on our Group.



Management Discussion and Analysis Cont'd

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CONCLUSION AND APPRECIATION

As the pages are being turned when we embark onto a new journey in the post-pandemic financial year, we are vigilant of the many challenges together with the opportunities that lie ahead. Downside risks and uncertainties from the prolonged Russia-Ukraine war, the continued elevation in the prices of commodities and materials, the labour supply crunch, untamed inflation, rising interest rates and the softening of the global economy due to recessionary risks are to be tackled. At the same time, the demand for properties post-pandemic and the success of our exclusive ARVs presents opportunities to be explored and capitalised upon.

We are confident that the experience and expertise of our Board and management will serve well in the formulation of the necessary strategies and action plans to successfully navigate through the uncertainties and bolster resiliency of the Group. We will endeavour to remain as a sustainable and premier property developer and strive to improve our performance and create value for our shareholders and stakeholders.

We wish to inform that Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon, who has served as Senior Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and Chairman of the Nomination Committee will be retiring as a Director at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and has indicated that he will not be seeking re-election. We wish to extend our sincere appreciation to Mr. Choong for his invaluable insights, guidance and contributions to the Group over the years of his service.

We wish to extend a warm welcome to Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun who was appointed to the Board of Directors as an Independent Non-Executive Director on 13 March 2023. We are confident that Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun will contribute immensely to the Group.

On behalf of the Board, we would like to convey our sincere thanks to all our shareholders, bankers, business partners, associates and our esteemed customers. Our appreciation also goes out to the relevant regulatory authorities, the various government agencies and local authorities. Our success would not have been possible without their continuous support and confidence in Country View Group.

I would also like to record my profound appreciation to my fellow colleagues on the Board for their counsel and to the management team and all the members of the Country View family for their support, dedication and commitment throughout the year.

TAN SRI MOHAMED AL AMIN BIN ABDUL MAJID

Executive Chairman



Sustainability Activities

• • •



Social & Communities



Sustainability Statement

The Board of CVB recognises the importance of building a sustainable business taking into consideration all factors that will affect the sustainability of the Group's business, operation, management and how these factors are addressed in order to create shareholders' value and to safeguard the interest of all stakeholders on a long-term basis.

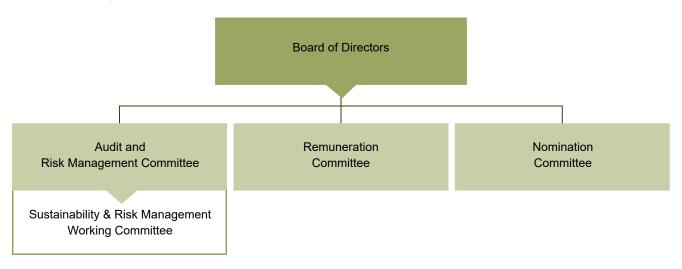
The Group is mindful that its activities should be carried out with the highest standards of corporate and social responsibility as it strives to align its business operations while balancing this to minimize the environmental impact arising from its operations and actions while at the same time improving the social and economic conditions for all its stakeholders including its employees and the communities that it operates in, with integrity and ethical practices.

This Sustainability Statement serves to provide an overview of the strategies, initiatives, performance and achievements in relation to the Group's sustainability journey in the financial year 2022, including policies, practices and procedures developed.

Sustainability Governance Structure

The Board oversees the Group's Corporate Social Responsibility and sustainability agenda and ensures that CVB remains a sustainable organisation. The Board oversees its responsibilities in respect of business sustainability with the assistance of the Sustainability & Risk Management Working Committee ("SRMWC") which reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") before matters are escalated to the Board of Directors.

The sustainability governance structure adopted by CVB is as follows:



The SRMWC is chaired by the Group General Manager and in his absence the Chief Financial Officer and comprises of the relevant Head of Departments, with diverse backgrounds and experiences which enables diverse views and opinions from different perspectives when implementing strategies on sustainability.

The duties and responsibilities of the SRMWC include the following:

- Advising and recommending to the ARMC and Board on the strategies in respect of sustainability and sustainability related policies for adoption;
- Monitoring the implementation of sustainability strategies as approved by the Board;
- Overseeing the overall management of stakeholder engagement, including ensuring grievance mechanisms are in place;
- Overseeing the management of sustainability matters, with particular focus on matters material to the Group organization; and
- Overseeing the preparation of sustainability disclosures as required by laws and/or rules, and recommending it for the Board's approval.

In formulating and making recommendations on sustainability, the SRMWC will be guided by the Group's Vision and Mission Statement.

Vision

We, the Country View Group aspire to be a premier property developer, ensuring high customer satisfaction by providing quality residences and properties, built in a safe and healthy environment.

Mission

- Providing quality housing and commercial properties that meet the evolving needs of our customers, and thereby contribute towards the development of Malaysia.
- Creating strong returns for our shareholders.
- Keeping a healthy and conducive working environment for our employees to best exert their individual potential and ability.
- Ensuring a safe, healthy and harmonious environment for communities within our developments, where people can feel "at home".
- Supporting socio-economic development, by building and developing more affordable homes so that more people are able to purchase their own property.
- Committing to an environmentally friendly approach, we aim to develop our properties in the greenest way possible.

The Group continuously engages with all its stakeholders to ascertain that the Group's development takes into consideration all stakeholders' concerns on sustainability, in particular in terms of economic, environment, social and governance. CVB intends to nurture and embed a sustainability mindset and culture into its operations to drive the Group's sustainability initiative. Such a task cannot be accomplished overnight and will require continuous steps and phases to be carried out.

The Group had formalised the Group's Sustainability Policy as well as identification and prioritising material sustainability risks. The Group's Sustainability Policy was formalised and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company on 21 January 2020. The said policy is available at www.countryview.com.my.

Stakeholder Engagement

Sustainability is an ongoing continuous journey involving a process of change of corporate culture and close engagement with all stakeholders, in particular, understanding their expectations and responding to their concerns and integrating these concerns on economic, environment, social and governance sustainability into the operations. Having identified the areas of concern and expectations of its stakeholders, the Group's engagement with its stakeholders as illustrated below is a continuous and ongoing process.

Stakeholders	Areas of Concern	Engagement Method			
Customers	 Product quality & design; Customer service satisfaction; Efficient complaint resolution; and Safety and Security. 	 Information shared through the Group's website / Facebook page; Constant engagement during sales promotions, campaigns, interaction; Customer appreciation & loyalty program; and Community networking sessions.; and Adoption and leveraging on virtual reality (VR) technology, online digital means and IoT platforms. 			



Stakeholder Engagement cont'd

Stakeholders	Areas of Concern	Engagement Method
Employees	 Ethics & Integrity; Learning and Continuous Development; Performance Management; and Remuneration, Incentives and Working Environment. Corporate Liability – Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009; and Compliance with MCO's Standard Operating Procedures ("SOPs") 	platforms; Various departmental discussions/ meetings conducted by the head of departments with their subordinate; Training programmes; and Communication/feedback through
Shareholders & Investors	 Financial Performance and business strategy; and Stable income/dividend distribution. 	 Annual General Meeting; (whether physical, virtual or hybrid) Annual Report; Quarterly Report; Media releases/Announcements; Feedback through the Group's website and email.
Regulatory Bodies	 Compliance and adhere security 8 safety issues; Public nuisance issues; and Labour practices; 	 Meetings and events; and Forums. (both physical and virtual)
Suppliers & Contractors	 Transparent contract award practices and Fair pricing/payment schedules Sustainable building practices and methods; Timely completion and delivery compliance with HDA; and Compliance with MCO and Ministry of Health's SOPs 	 Contract negotiations; Contractor registration; Site inspection & verification; Communicated and highlighted Group's ABC policy to all major suppliers and contractors; and
Local communities	 Environmental matters; Impact on existing businesses; and Transparency & accounting; and Safety and security 	 Social activities organized by the Group Media releases; and Community engagement Assistance via advice and financial contribution to set up residents' committee

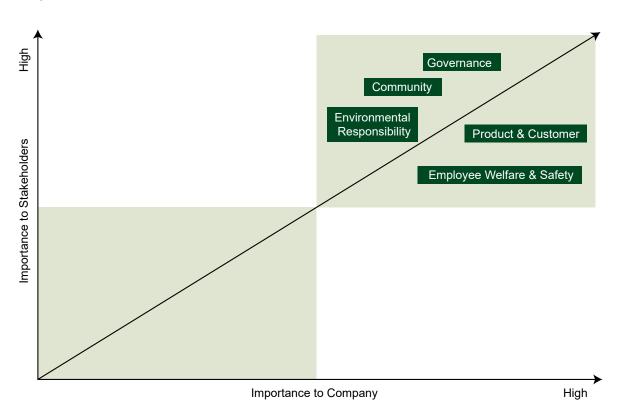
MATERIALITY

In developing our sustainability initiative, the SRMWC had identified and prioritised material sustainability risks which have an impact on economic, environmental, social and governance aspects of CVB's operations and made its recommendation to the ARMC and Board. The SRMWC had recommended to the ARMC and the Board to prioritise its focus on the following 3 key material sustainability risks:

- Governance
- Community
- Product and Customer

The ranking of the material sustainability matters and its level of importance to the Group's operations as well as stakeholders' interest were identified and prioritised for action as illustrated below.

Materiality Matrix



Both the ARMC and Board had accepted and concurred with the SRMWC to prioritise and focus its attention on the following 3 key material sustainability risk issues:

Governance

In order to protect, enhance and support the sustainability of the Group, the Board and senior management are committed to maintain accountability and transparency in respect of the corporate governance of the Group. Existing policies adopted by CVB will be reviewed periodically to ensure the practices from top to bottom of the Group are in line with the latest legislations, guidance, rules and procedures applicable. In respect of the business operations, the Group also ensures that its development projects and plans strictly comply with relevant laws and regulations and the commencement of any development projects will be subjected to approval from authorities. The Board understands the importance of good corporate governance and will continuously review and improve whichever necessary to safeguard the interests of all its stakeholders.

MATERIALITY Cont'd

Materiality Matrix Cont'd

Community

The Group will focus and enhance its practices aimed at creating a safe, healthy and harmonious environment for the communities developed by minimizing pollutions and ensuring minimal impact to environmental degradation. Although the Group has been promoting practice of recycling wastes and rubbish on construction sites and business premises, we will identify and support any other possible actions which is beneficial to the environment.

The Group had enhanced its community initiatives by increasing its commitments with the following ongoing activities:

No.	Activities	Timeline
1.	Installation of recycled waste material bins at the playground/parks of the various precincts/phases of its development at Taman Nusa Sentral	Ongoing
2.	Recycling materials (old newspapers, magazines, papers, boxes etc) at Head Office/Branch offices/Sales Gallery	Ongoing
3.	Giving back to society, charities and the needy	Ongoing

During the financial year 2022, the Group had conducted the following activities with the participation of the employees:

- Joint "Gotong Royong" together with the officers from Majlis Bandaraya Iskandar Puteri (MBIP) and Southern Waste Management Sdn Bhd, the committee members of the residents association of Taman Nusa Sentral in the Program Johor Bersih Peringkat MBIP 2022 to clean-up the Linear Park, Iskandar Puteri, Johor.
- b. Planting and tagging of 25 various species of trees in Sireh Park Iskandar Puteri.
- c. Donation of 8 used computers that had been refurbished to S.J.K (C) Ming Terk Gelang Patah, Johor Bahru.

Product & Customer

As stated in the Group's mission statement, the provision of quality housing and commercial properties that meet the evolving needs of our customers is a key mission and priority. The Group will strive to ensure all development projects are completed according to the approved plan and specified time frame. The development works shall be monitored closely in order to keep the project on schedule to meet the completion deadline by maintaining good relationships and communication with its contractors. Customer experience and satisfaction and property ownership experience is of utmost importance. Complaints and defects management, if any, is a significant element in our overall business process and operation. The Group had initiated an application ("app"), namely CVConnect, to update the status and follow up closely on all complaints and defects submitted through the mobile app.

In addition, we focus on meeting customers' expectations and the after sales service provided to our customers. CVConnect was implemented to enhance the experience of submitting defect complaints. We believe that customer satisfaction will be enhanced if their expectations had been addressed and met in the shortest possible time with minimum hassle and inconveniences. A good after sales service will ensure that the Group's branding and goodwill are maintained and even enhanced for long term sustainability.

ECONOMIC

Sustainability is integral to the way we conduct our business activities.

Our Group's development project located at Iskandar Puteri, Johor Bahru provides employment opportunities to the local communities.

Since its inception, the Group has built over 4,786 units of landed low-cost units at RM22,000 each, 352 units of affordable apartments at RM50,000 per unit, built a sustainable township in its maiden housing project, Taman Universiti comprising more than 10,000 units of properties.

ECONOMIC Cont'd

Since its maiden project, Taman Universiti in Skudai, Johor, the Group also developed, Taman Nusa Bestari Jaya, Taman Nusa Indah and its current ongoing project, Taman Nusa Sentral contributing to nation building, nurturing communities, stimulating commercial activities and indirectly providing employment opportunities to the various communities that it has been involved in.

The Group had completed the development and handed over 337 units of affordable landed double storey terrace houses under Rumah Mampu Milik Johor ('RMMJ') and Perumahan Komuniti Johor ('PKJB') at Taman Nusa Sentral, Iskandar Puteri, Johor to assist the State Government to meet the housing needs of the nation.

We take this opportunity to place on record our most sincere appreciation to all our employees for their hard work and effort, as well as all other stakeholders for supporting CVB Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL

Climate change and various environmental issues have always been of great concern over the years. As a responsible corporate citizen, we recognize that our actions have a significant impact on the environment and supports all actions to minimise pollution and ensure minimal impact on environmental degradation in all its business premises.

Indeed, the Group strives to improve its development by stressing greening its projects with facilities and amenities to sustain and ensure a higher quality lifestyle for its property owners and the local community.

The green initiative includes Renewal Efficiency ("RE") & Electrical Efficiency ("EE") initiative implemented at the Group's One Sentral Serviced Residence and Aurora Resort Villas such as:

- i) Rainwater harvesting
- ii) Centralize bin and recycle bin
- iii) Solar Heating System
- iv) Planter Box

As a responsible developer, the Group went to the extent of extending the construction of the main water drainage beyond our project's boundary at our own cost to preserve and ensure the smooth discharge of water from our project and the upstream projects into the nearby river.

The Group has always committed to comply with the legal and regulatory requirements set by the authorities in regards to environmental safety and protection. The Group places emphasis on environmental pollution at all its worksites and have a no open burning prohibition imposed on its contractors. Therefore, all unwanted wastes, materials and by-products resulting from the construction sites of its various ongoing projects are either recycled or properly disposed of by our contractors.

All vehicles leaving the worksites are required to drive through wash troughs to maintain the cleanliness of public roads. Dust pollution is minimised by spraying water on the access roads within the worksites.

Regular fogging activities are also carried out as a proactive measure to prevent any mosquitoes borne diseases such as malaria and dengue.

With the initiatives to save the environment, we aim to continuously improve our effort and commitment to mitigate any impact.

SOCIAL

In line with the following mission statement, the Group recognises the responsibilities to our employees, customers and the local community in which we operate. Meeting the expectations of our local community, empowering our employees, ensuring a safe and harmonious workplace, and supporting social and community events is given due attention and appropriately balanced in our sustainability journey.



SOCIAL Cont'd

- Keeping a healthy and conducive working environment for our employees to best exert their individual potential and ability;
- Ensuring a safe, healthy and harmonious environment for communities within our developments, where people can feel "at home":

Apart from a safe and conducive working environment for our employees with all the usual modern amenities, the Group makes available dedicated training and development programmes for each level of the Group's employees suitable for each employee at different stages of their career development, in order to help them to improve their working performance and efficiency.

Other than the Group Hospitalization and Surgical Insurance and Group Personal Accident Insurance provided to the employees for their health and wellness benefit, the Group also supports an in-house CV Club which organises various sports and recreational activities on a regular basis, as the Group encourages and promotes a healthier and active lifestyle among employees.

To create a happy and caring environment as well as to cultivate cohesion, camaraderie, team work and inclusiveness, the Group will endeavour to organise Annual Dinners, gatherings, events, etc. The Group's team spirit and inclusiveness were also extended into its engagements with the local communities. The Group will endeavour to organise events often to engage with its communities such as Fun Fairs and concerts coinciding with the Group's property launches, where the Group's employees interacted and networked with homeowners and the community at large.

GOVERNANCE

The Group acknowledges that corporate governance is also an important element in the sustainability of a company. We strive to comply with all applicable laws, regulations and rules while conducting business in accordance with established best practices. The corporate governance structure and the relevant procedures are set out in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement and Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control sections of this Annual Report.

The Group has in place policies and terms of reference for board committees which governs the business to be operated in an environment that promotes integrity and ethical business practices. The Board's Policy on Code of Business Conduct & Ethics which sets the behavioural standards provides clear guidance to all employees at all levels of the Group to ensure a consistent approach to business practices throughout the Group. The Whistleblowing Policy also supports the values and ethics set out in the Board's Policy on Code of Business Conduct & Ethics and encourages all the employees to raise genuine concerns of any malpractices or misconduct in an appropriate way.

In terms of risk management of the Group, a sound risk management framework has been established for managing risks affecting the business and operations, which are detailed in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control section of this Annual Report. It clearly outlines the duties and responsibilities at each level within the Group as well as the accountability in implementing the risk management processes and internal control system.

The Group takes the endeavour seriously to ascertain that all projects and plans are in line with the relevant laws and regulations and guidelines of all relevant authorities. For instance, the Group ensures that all the developments comply with all applicable Construction Industry and Development Board requirements and health and safety standards.

The Board of Directors of CVB together with the management are committed to continually refining and improving these processes over time.

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The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Country View Berhad ("CVB" or "the Company") recognises the importance of maintaining good Corporate Governance practices to protect, enhance and support the sustainability of its business affairs and financial performance of CVB and its subsidiaries ("the Group") with the ultimate objective to safeguard shareholders' investment and enhancing shareholders' value.

The Board views corporate governance as a crucial and integral part of the Group's long-term sustainability initiatives

This statement is to provide shareholders and other stakeholders with an overview of the Group's application of the following three (3) Principles set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance issued by the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") on 28 April 2021 ("MCCG") under the leadership of the Board and should be read together with the Corporate Governance Report 2022 of CVB ("CG Report") which is accessible on CVB's website at http://www.countryview.com.my and via announcements on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's ("Bursa Securities") website.

- (a) Principle A: Board Leadership and Effectiveness;
- (b) Principle B: Effective Audit and Risk Management; and
- (c) Principle C: Integrity in Corporate Reporting and Meaningful Relationship with Stakeholders

The CG Report provides the details on how CVB has applied each Practice as set out in the MCCG during the financial year 2022 ("FY2022"). Other than Practice 1.3, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.9, 5.10, 8.2, 8.3, 9.4, 10.3, 12.2 and 13.1, the Board is of the view that CVB has substantially complied with the recommendations of MCCG.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

A1. Board's Roles and Responsibilities

The Board recognises and is always mindful that its leadership and stewardship role in setting the tone from the top is vital in building a sustainable business, creating and delivering sustainable values in the pursuit of long-term success for the Company and Group.

The Board plays a key and active role through its policies and strategies and is committed to ensuring that it provides effective oversight and overall management of the Company and Group including promoting high ethical standards within the organisation.

The roles and responsibilities of the Board and Management, the Board Committees and the individual Directors are set out in the Board Charter which is accessible through the Company's website at http://www.countryview.com.my.

It is the primary governance responsibility of the Board to lead and control the Group. The Board's responsibilities in respect of the stewardship of the Group include plans for the strategic direction, development and control of the Group and initiatives to embrace the responsibilities listed in the MCCG. While the Board sets the strategic plan and policies, the Executive Directors are responsible for making and implementing operational and corporate decisions while the Non-Executive and Independent Directors ensure corporate accountability by providing unbiased and independent views, advice and judgement and challenging the Managements' assumptions and projections in safeguarding the interests of the shareholders.

The Board has defined the roles and responsibilities of the Board and its Directors. In discharging their fiduciary responsibilities, the Board emphasises strongly during its Board meetings on the deliberation and review of the financial performance of the Group, the execution of strategic plans by the Executive Directors, the principal risks faced by the Group and the effectiveness of management mitigation plans, the appraisal of senior management as well as the integrity of the management information and systems of internal control of the Group.

The Board maintains specific Board Committees namely Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC"), Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. These Committees ensure greater attention, objectivity and independence are provided in the deliberations of specific board agendas. The Board has defined the terms of reference for each Committee and the Chairman of these respective committees would report to the Board during the Board meetings on significant matters and salient matters deliberated in the Committees.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS Cont'd

A1. Board's Roles and Responsibilities Cont'd

A.1.1 Oversight of Group's Business

The day-to-day management of the business operations of the Group is led by the Executive Directors and Senior Management. Their performance under the lead of the Executive Directors is assessed by the Board based on the financial and management reports tabled during its quarterly reporting periods. The Board is also kept updated on the Group's strategic direction initiatives, significant operational and regulatory challenges faced by the Group during its meetings.

The Executive Director(s) meets with senior Management on a regular basis where policies, strategies and operational matters are deliberated and brought to the attention of the Board where appropriate during the quarterly Board Meetings.

The Board has reserved specific matters that will require their decision with appropriate authority limits placed.

A.1.2 Access to Information and Board Effectiveness

The Board has full and unrestricted access to the information on the Group's business and affairs to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities effectively. All Directors have access to the Management and may interact directly with the management or request further explanations, request for information in relation to any areas of the Group's operations or business.

The Board was also kept informed progressively of the various requirements and updates issued by the various regulatory authorities. These requirements and updates were provided and briefed by the Management, the Company Secretaries, External and Internal Auditors. The Management, External and Internal Auditors were invited to attend Board and/or Committee meetings to provide additional insights and professional advice on specific items on the meeting agenda.

Procedurally, when external advice is necessary, the director who intends to seek such consultation or advice shall notify the Chairman for approval. Upon approval, the Chairman will facilitate obtaining such advice and, where appropriate, disseminate the advice to all directors. The Board has the authority to conduct or direct any investigation required to fulfil its responsibilities and has the authority to retain at the Company's expense, such as legal, accounting or other services, consultants, advisers or experts as it considers necessary from time to time in the performance of its duties.

A.1.3 Strengthen Composition

The MCCG emphasises the importance of right Board composition in enhancing the Board's decision making process and the transparency of policies and procedures in the selection and evaluation of Board members. The Board currently comprises of eight (8) members, of which four (4) are Executive Directors, one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

During FY2022, the Board adopted a Fit and Proper Person Policy to ensure that the Board's composition, quality and integrity is maintained and up to expectations in line with Paragraph 15.01A of Bursa Malaysia's Listing Requirements. The Fit and Proper Person Policy can be viewed at the Company's website at http://www.countryview.com.my.

In line with the enhanced Directors Amendments made to the definition of independent directors under Bursa Malaysia's Main Market Listing Requirements, Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director for a period of beyond 9 years and more than 12 years, will no longer meet the enhanced definition.

Mr. Choong is due to retire by rotation as a Director pursuant to Clause 132 of the Company's Constitution and he has expressed his intention not to seek for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and accordingly will retire as a Director at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM.



PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS Cont'd

A1. Board's Roles and Responsibilities Cont'd

A.1.3 Strengthen Composition Cont'd

Just prior to the issuance of this Annual Report, the composition of the Board was strengthened with the appointment of an additional Independent Non-Executive Director.

Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director and brings with him a wealth of experience with a legal background as an advocate and solicitor. Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun had also served as Chairman of the Malaysian Election Commission from 2018 to 2020 and as the Speaker of the Malaysian House of Representatives from 2020 to 2022.

In accordance with Paragraphs 3.04 and 15.02 of Bursa Securities' Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements"), at least two (2) directors or one-third (1/3) of the Board of Directors, whichever is higher, shall be Independent Directors. If the number of directors is not three (3) or multiple of 3, then the number nearest one-third (1/3) shall be used for purposes of determining the requisite number of Independent Directors.

The present Board composition comprised of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors meets the current requirement for Independent Non-Executive Directors under the Listing Requirements. CVB is led and managed by a diverse, competent and experienced Board of Directors with a mix of suitably qualified and experienced professionals having a wide and varied spectrum of expertise in the fields of business, property development, legal, corporate finance, accounting and taxation. This enables the Board to carry out its responsibilities effectively and ensures accountability. The current Board is drawn from different ethnic, cultural and socio-economic backgrounds with age ranging from 53 years to 67 years to ensure that different and diverse viewpoints are considered in the decision-making process.

The profile of each Director is set out on pages 7 to 10 of this Annual Report.

A.1.4 Separation of positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

CVB's Board is led by an Executive Chairman and supported by three (3) Executive Directors, One (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Under CVB's organization and management structure, the roles of the Executive Chairman and Executive Directors are clearly defined and set out in the Board Charter. The Executive Chairman's role includes leading the Board in the oversight of management and is not involved in the day-to-day management of the Group. The roles and functions of a Chief Executive Officer are carried out and performed by the Executive Directors jointly and collectively.

The Board is of the opinion that there is no issue with regards to the balance of power and authority on the Board as the roles of the Executive Chairman and the Executive Directors are clearly set out and established while the decision making process of the Board is based on collective decisions without any individual exercising any considerable concentration of power or influence and well balanced by the presence of strong elements of independence in the Board.

All the Independent Directors are independent of Management and have no family or business relationships with the Executive Directors and major shareholders, which would interfere with the execution of their independent judgement.

The Executive Directors are overall responsible for implementing the strategies and decisions of the Board, overseeing the Group's day-to-day operations and businesses, whilst the Independent Non-Executive Directors provide their independent view, unbiased judgment and knowledge to the management as well as safeguarding the interests of the shareholders. Non-Executive Directors do not participate in the day-to-day management of the Group.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A1. Board's Roles and Responsibilities Cont'd

A.1.5 Board Commitment

The Board has a policy on time commitment to enhance and affirm the directors' commitment to the Group and ensure their devotion of time towards the affairs of the Group and to continuously improve their knowledge and skillsets.

The Board meets at least every quarter and on other occasions, as and when the need arises, to inter-alia review and approve quarterly financial results, statutory financial statements, the annual report and business ventures as well as to review the performance of the Company and its operating subsidiaries, governance matters and other business development matters.

A corporate calendar of all scheduled meetings and planned events for the financial year is furnished to all Directors and the management by the Company Secretaries normally at the 1st quarter Board meeting to aid and facilitate the Directors in scheduling and meeting their time commitments. All Directors are also required to inform the Board before accepting any other directorships in other listed companies or groups.

The Executive Directors are engaged full time in the management and operations while the Non-Executive Directors attend Board Meetings and Committee Meetings as and when required as dictated by circumstances. All Directors commit and devote their time to make themselves available to attend to any matters arising which require their attention individually or collectively.

The attendance record of the Directors at Board and Committee meetings in respect of the FY2022 are set out below:

Name of Director	Position	Attendance			
		Board	ARMC	NC	RC
TAN SRI MOHAMED AL AMIN BIN ABDUL MAJID	Executive Chairman	5/5	-	-	-
LAW KIT TAT	Executive Director	5/5	-	-	-
WONG JOON CHIN (F)	Executive Director	5/5	-	-	-
WONG CHEE SEAN @ WONG SEAN	Executive Director	5/5	-	-	-
LAW KEE KONG	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	5/5	2/2	2/2
CHOONG SHIAU YOON	AU YOON Senior Independent Non-Executive Director		5/5	2/2	2/2
HAN HING SIEW	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5	5/5	2/2	2/2

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A.1.6 Directors' Training

The Directors of the Company have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") in compliance with the Listing Requirements. Although no formal assessment of the training needs of each director was undertaken, the Directors were encouraged to attend relevant training programmes/seminars/briefings to further enhance their skills and knowledge in the latest statutory and regulatory requirements as well as to keep abreast with the business development to assist them in discharging their duties as Directors.

Details of the Directors attendance of training programs/seminars/workshops/briefing are as follows:

Date	Topic	Conducted by:	Directors Attended
22 March 2022	Everything about Dividend	Malaysian Institute of Accountants	Han Hing Siew
7 April 2022	Audit Oversight Board's Conversation with Audit Committees - How the members of Audit Comittees can play a stronger and more effective oversight role		Han Hing Siew
22 April 2022	Drafting Sustainability Statement or Report. Identifying and scoping the contents for meaningful disclosure and monitoring.	-	Han Hing Siew
21-22 June 2022	Virtual Conferences Series: Malaysia Tax Conference 2022	Chartered Tax Institute Of Malaysia	Choong Shiau Yoon
18 October 2022	Understanding the Amendments to Listing Requirements 2022, Guidelines on Conduct of Directors of Listed Corporation & their Subsidiaries and Issued by Securities Commission and the application of Fit & Proper Policy, and Solvency Test under Companies Act 2016	Tricor Hive Sdn. Bhd.	All Directors except Choong Shiau Yoon
20-21 October 2022	MIA Webinar Series: MFRS Masterclass Series - Liabilities	Malaysian Institute of Accountants	Choong Shiau Yoon
6 December 2022	Audit Oversight Board's Conversation with Audit Committees - How the Audit Committees and Auditors can work together towards reliable audited financial statements".	Securities Commission	Han Hing Siew

A.1.7 Nomination Committee

The Board has established a Board Nomination Committee ('BNC') comprised exclusively of Non-Executive Directors a majority of whom are independent as follows:

Chairman

Choong Shiau Yoon - Senior Independent Non-Executive Director

Members

Law Kee Kong - Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Han Hing Siew - Independent Non-Executive Director

The Chairman of the BNC is the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director.

The primary responsibilities of the BNC are set out in detail in its Terms of Reference which can be viewed from the Company's website at www.countryview.com.my.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A.1.7 Nomination Committee Cont'd

Activities of BNC

During the year the BNC carried out the following activities:

- Reviewed and recommended the adoption of a Fit and Proper Person Policy together with the Declaration for key management personnel, to ensure that the Board's composition, quality and integrity are maintained and up to expectations in line with Paragraph 15.01A of the Listing Requirement of Bursa Securities before recommending to the Board for approval and adoption.
- 2) Reviewed the following Policies and Terms of Reference as part of the process for periodic review, updating and improving clarity and to be in line with the amendment to the Listing Requirements and Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance.
 - a) Nomination Committee's Terms of Reference
 - b) Board Procedures for Appointment of Directors
 - c) Policy on Continuing Education
 - d) Policy on Time Commitment
- 3) Reviewed the Board's size, composition and balance and concluded that there had not been any significant change in the legislative, business and operational landscape affecting the Group's principal activities. The BNC had concluded that the Board's dynamics are healthy and effective and all members of the Board had demonstrated their ability to work together with management as a cohesive unit. The present members of the Board were persons of calibre, character and integrity, possessing the appropriate skills, experience and qualities to steer the Company forward. The BNC is also satisfied that the existing structure, size, composition, current mix of skills, competence, knowledge, experience and qualities of the existing Board members are appropriate to enable the Board to carry out its responsibility effectively.
- 4) Evaluated and assessed the performance and effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the Board Committees and the Performance of Each Individual Directors in accordance with the process for evaluating and assessing approved and adopted by the Board. The evaluation process amongst others considered whether the Directors had access to all necessary information and appropriate avenues for advice to carry out their responsibilities, whether the Committees had met its purpose, whether its composition was appropriate, and whether it had the necessary authority and processes to carry out its functions and fulfil its obligations. The Board was assessed amongst other criteria, in respect of its composition, and whether the Board had the appropriate vision, mission and strategies, whether processes and procedures were adequate and efficient to enable it to carry out its responsibilities.

Through this process carried out by way of evaluation questionnaires, the BNC concluded that the Board's dynamics was healthy and effective and that no necessary recommendations for actions were needed.

The BNC also concluded that:

- The Board was in a position to draw on the benefits and experience of its Directors in the core areas of accounting and taxation, corporate finance and property development as well as the wide and varied business experience of its Directors. In areas where the Board may not be technically proficient, the Board would be able to garner advice from its consultants in the required field.
- ii) The Board was also sufficiently balanced with the right mix of executive, non-executive and independent non-executive Directors.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A.1.7 Nomination Committee Cont'd

Activities of BNC Cont'd

- iii) The Board was sufficiently diverse with:
 - the age of the directors ranging between 53 years to 67 years;
 - the directors coming from different backgrounds, professions and experiences;
 - gender diverse with a member of the female gender represented in the Board.
- iv) The respective Committees of the Board were functioning effectively and discharging their key responsibilities effectively with close oversight over the risk management systems, internal control processes, financial reporting structure, nomination and remuneration functions. Each Individual Director was competent, committed and possessed the necessary integrity of character, skills, knowledge and experience to discharge and carry out their responsibilities effectively.
- 5) Evaluated and assessed the independence of the Independent Directors in accordance with the process approved and adopted by the Board. Further details of this assessment are set out under paragraph A.1.9 in this statement
- 6) Reviewed the ARMC's term of office and performance of ARMC and each of its members and BNC was of the opinion that the ARMC was effective and decisive. The ARMC members possessed the right mix of relevant experience and knowledge and had effectively discharged their duties and role.

The BNC was therefore of the opinion that no changes need to be made to the existing structure, size and composition of the present Board and accordingly made its opinion and recommendation to the Board.

7) Recommended and defined the criteria to be taken into consideration for the appointment of new directors.

The following are the key criteria for the evaluation and selection of new board candidates: -

- character, age and experience, competencies, commitment, contribution and performance;
- diligence and professionalism;
- integrity; and
- in the case of candidates for the position of independent non-executive directors, the candidates' ability
 to discharge such responsibilities/functions as expected from independent non-executive directors, in
 particular, independence of mind and sense of fairness.

Upon appointment, an induction program will be provided to any new director in order to enable him/her to fit and assimilate into the Board and to contribute and discharge his/her duties effectively

Subsequent to the FY2022, the BNC had in March 2023 reviewed the profile of a candidate for the proposed appointment as an additional Independent Non-Executive Director. The profile of the candidate was reviewed and deliberated by the BNC which took note of the candidate's qualifications, character, experience, integrity, competencies, time commitment and declaration of independence.

The BNC reviewed the profile of Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun in accordance with the Board's Fit and Proper Policy and made the BNC's recommendations to the Board for his appointment.

Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun had previously been an Independent Non-Executive Director from 2002 to 2018. In 2018, Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun was appointed as Chairman of the Malaysian Election Commission, a position held up to 2020. Following this he was appointed as the Speaker of the Malaysian House of Representatives, a position held up to 2022.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS Cont'd

A.1.7 Nomination Committee Cont'd

Activities of BNC Cont'd

Recommended and defined the criteria to be taken into consideration for the appointment of new directors.

The BNC and the Board are of the opinion that it would be to the Group's honour and privilege to be able to strengthen the Board composition by appointing Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun as an Independent Non-Executive Director given the positions that he has held in the past four years together with his background in the legal profession.

Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun's nomination was made by the existing Directors and other sources were not considered given the calibre, reputation, background and experience of Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun.

8) Reviewed Directors' Retirement

Director re-election provides an opportunity for shareholders to renew their mandate conferred to the Directors. The Constitution of the Company provides that all directors shall retire by rotation once in every three (3) years or at least one-third (1/3) of the Board shall retire but shall be eligible to offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

The above provisions are adhered to by the Board in every AGM. Information of directors standing for re-election are outlined in the Profile of Directors covering their details of the profession, directorships in other public companies and shareholdings in the Company and their attendance of the Board meetings are set forth on page 27 of this Annual Report.

At the forthcoming 2023 AGM, Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon and Mr. Han Hing Siew are due to retire by rotation under Clause 132 of the Constitution. Being eligible Mr. Han Hing Siew has offered himself for re-election. The BNC following its review of the performance of Mr. Han Hing Siew and having noted his significant and valued contributions to the Board and its committees has recommended his re-election to the Board and the Board concurred with the recommendation and is recommending shareholders to re-elect Mr. Han Hing Siew as Director at the 2023 AGM.

As stated earlier above, Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon has expressed his intention not to seek for re-election at the forthcoming AGM and will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM.

Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun who was appointed to the Board on 13 March 2023 will retire pursuant to Clause 117 of the Constitution and being eligible has offered himself for re-election. The Board is recommending shareholders to re-elect Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun as a Director at the forthcoming AGM.

A.1.8 Remuneration Committee

The Board Remuneration Committee ('BRC') is comprised wholly of Non-Executive Directors with a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:

Chairman

Han Hing Siew - Independent Non-Executive Director

Members

Choong Shiau Yoon – Senior Independent Non-Executive Director Law Kee Kong – Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A.1.8 Remuneration Committee Cont'd

Subsequent to financial year end, the BRC had met to review and recommend the remuneration for its Directors and senior management in accordance with the Board's Remuneration Policy which sets out the policy framework to enable the Board to attract, retain and motivate individual of the right quality and calibre.

The Board's Remuneration Policy can be reviewed at CVB's website at http://www.countryview.com.my.

In line with corporate governance best practice, the disclosure of the Directors' remuneration on a named basis and the details of the remuneration of Directors for the FY2022 for CVB and Group level are set out below:

Directors	Salaries and other emoluments	Fees	Bonus	Bene- fits-in-kind	Total
	(RM)	(RM)	(RM)	(RM)	(RM)
Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid	387,565.00	-	-	22,271.00*	409,836.00
Law Kit Tat	404,976.00	-	-	19,700.00	424,676.00
Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean	319,200.00	-	-	15,500.00*	334,700.00
Wong Joon Chin	403,673.98	-	-	3,150.00	406,823.98
Choong Shiau Yoon	-	90,000.00	-	-	90,000-00
Law Kee Kong	-	90,000.00	-	-	90,000-00
Han Hing Siew	-	90,000.00	-	-	90,000-00
Total	1,515,414.98	270,000.00	-	60,621.00	1,846,035.98

Other emoluments comprised allowance, EPF contribution and perquisites.

The proposed Directors' fees totalling RM270,000.00 for the FY2022 payable to Non-Executive Directors will be tabled for shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

At the forthcoming AGM, taking into consideration that Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon will be retiring as a Director at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM, the BRC and the Board will be tabling a resolution to approve of Director's fees amounting to RM36,493.15 payable to Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon for his services rendered for the period from 1 December 2022 to 27 April 2023 for shareholders approval.

^{*} Benefit in Kind is provided by the wholly owned subsidiary.



PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS Cont'd

A.1.9 Board Independence

Assessment of Independent Directors

The Board has adopted a policy and procedures for the assessment of its Independent Directors annually.

The assessment carried out by the BNC apart from looking at the criteria and definition of an Independent Director set out under the Listing Requirements, also considers:

- whether the Independent Directors have developed, established or maintained any significant relationship which would impair their independence as an Independent Director with the Executive Directors and Major Shareholders other than normal engagements and interactions on a professional level consistent and expected of them to carry out their duties as Independent Non-Executive Directors, Chairman or member of the Board's Committees:
- whether the Independent Directors have engaged in any transactions with the Group; and
- whether the Independent Directors have devoted sufficient time commitment and desire to serve.

Independence is important and crucial for ensuring objectivity and fairness in board's decision making.

The Board has adopted recommended practice whereby the tenure of an independent director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. When the Board retains an independent director who has served in that capacity for more than nine (9) years, the Board would justify its decision and seek shareholders' approval.

The Board Charter provides that each director is expected to advise the Chairman immediately if he is no longer independent. Any director who has concerns about the independence of a director shall immediately raise the issue during a Board meeting. The Company will make an immediate announcement to Bursa Securities when an independent director loses his independent status.

As at the reporting date, Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon and Mr. Han Hing Siew are the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company. Mr. Han was appointed on 1 December 2018 and will have served as an Independent Director for a period of more than 4 years while Mr. Choong was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Director since 27 March 2002 and will have served for a cumulative period of more than nine years by 27 April 2023, the scheduled date for the 2023 AGM.

Subsequent to the financial year end, the BNC carried out its annual assessment on the independence of its Independent Directors, Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon and Mr. Han Hing Siew. The Board based on the review and, recommendations made by the BNC, was unanimous in its opinion that Mr. Choong's and Mr Han's independence up to the date of review had not been compromised or impaired in any way after having noted the following considerations during the review and assessment of both Directors.:

- Mr. Choong continues to fulfil the criteria and definition of an Independent Director as set out under Paragraph 1.01 of the Listing Requirements. It was noted that he will not fulfil the criteria and definition of an Independent Director as set out under the amendments to Paragraph 1.01 of the Listing Requirements which will take effect after June 2023;
- Mr. Han continues to fulfil the criteria and definition of an Independent Director as set out under Paragraph 1.01 of the Listing Requirements:
- During their tenure in office, both Mr. Choong and Mr. Han had not developed, established or maintained any significant relationship which would impair their independence as an Independent Directors with the Executive Directors and Major Shareholders other than normal engagements and interactions on a professional level consistent and expected of them to carry out their duties as Independent Non-Executive Director, Chairman or member of the Board's Committees;
- During their tenure in office, both Mr. Choong and Mr. Han had never transacted or entered into any transactions with, nor provided any services to the Company and its subsidiaries, within the scope and meaning as set forth under Paragraph 5 of Practice Note 13 of the Listing Requirements;



PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS cont'd

A.1.9 Board Independence Cont'd

Assessment of Independent Directors Cont'd

During their tenure in office as Independent Non-Executive Directors in the Company, both Mr. Choong and Mr. Han had not been offered or granted any options by the Company. Other than Director's fees and allowances paid which has been an industry norm and within acceptable market rates, duly disclosed in the Annual Reports, no other incentives or benefits of whatsoever nature had been paid to them by the Company.

Both the BNC and the Board concluded unanimously that in their opinion, Mr. Han's independence had not been compromised or impaired in any way and was of the opinion that Mr. Han will be in a position to continue to carry out his duties and responsibilities as Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company.

The Board noted that Mr. Choong who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director for a period of beyond 9 years and more than 12 years will retire at the forthcoming AGM and had expressed his intention not to seek for reelection at the forthcoming AGM.

PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT

B.1 Audit and Risk Management Committee

The composition requirement of the ARMC members is in accordance with the regulatory requirements. The ARMC has access to all the Executive Directors, Senior Management, External and Internal Auditors.

The review of the terms of office and performance of the ARMC and each of its members is carried out annually.

The review was carried out in line with the assessment procedures adopted by the Board, by way of peer assessment in the form of evaluation questionnaires. The assessment carried out considered amongst others whether the Committee has met its purpose, whether its composition is appropriate, and whether it has the necessary authority and processes to carry out its functions and fulfil its obligations. Following the latest review, the BNC and the Board are of the opinion that the performance of the ARMC has been satisfactory and each member of the ARMC has carried out and discharged their responsibilities in accordance with the ARMC's terms of reference.

Further information on the composition and summary of work of the ARMC are set out on pages 38 to 41 of this Annual Report.

The Board notes the comment by Bursa Malaysia that listed issuers which combine the functions of Audit Committee with a Risk Management Committee will not qualify for the adoption of step-up Practice 9.3.

Both the ARMC and the Board were of the opinion that the decision to combine the functions of the AC and the Risk Management Committee was relevant and most practical solution to suit the Group's size and dynamics and the Board has opted to maintain the existing structure of the ARMC.

The Board will review the need to separate the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee as recommended under step up Practice 9.3 if changes occur in the current size and composition of the Board together with other dynamics such as the current level of operations and business of the Group.



PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT Cont'd

B.2 Risk Management System, Integrity of Management Information and Internal Control

The Board has an effective risk management system and internal control system in place, which is overseen by a Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee that reports to the ARMC and ultimately to the Board for the FY2022. Risk Management is regarded by the Board to be an integral part of the business operations, and good governance practices. Risk is inherent in all business activities, and the Group's objective is not to eliminate risk totally but to provide structural means to identify, prioritise and manage risks involved in all the Group's activities and to balance between the costs and benefits of managing and treating risks, as well as the anticipated returns to be derived therefrom. Senior Management and Head of Departments are responsible for managing the identified risks within defined parameters and standards. In the periodic management meetings, key risks and mitigating controls are deliberated.

The Board is overall responsible for maintaining and ensuring the integrity of a sound system of Internal Control which supports effective and efficient operations to safeguard shareholders' interests and the Group's business and assets.

Further details of the Group's systems of risk management and internal control and the function of the internal auditors are reported in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 42 to 46 of this Annual Report.

B.3. Recognise and Manage Risks

As mentioned earlier, the Board and ARMC are assisted by a Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee to maintain its risk management system, which is reviewed and updated constantly to safeguard shareholders investments and the Group's assets.

The Group's Internal Audit function has been outsourced to an external consultant which reports directly to the ARMC.

The Internal Audit function reviews and appraises the risk management and internal control processes of the Group and going forward will look into the effectiveness of the Group's governance processes as well. The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control set out on page 45 of this Annual Report provides an overview of the Group's approach to ensuring the effectiveness of the risk management and internal processes within the Group.

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

C.1. Uphold Integrity In Financial Reporting

The Board is responsible for ensuring the proper maintenance of the accounting records of the Group. The Group's financial reporting in the form of quarterly and annual financial statements present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects. The ARMC assists the Board in ensuring the information disclosed is accurate, adequate and complies with all applicable Financial Reporting standards.

The Board's ARMC has adopted a policy and procedure to assess the suitability and independence of its external auditors. As part of these procedures, the external auditors will be required to make a declaration to the ARMC and Board to confirm that they are and have been independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement.

The assessment was carried out in March 2023 in respect of FY2022. Following this review the ARMC and Board were satisfied with the independence of the external auditors and their performance.



Corporate Governance Overview Statement Cont'd

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS Cont'd

C.2. Statement of Directors' Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and will ensure that they are presented in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 and the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia.

The quarterly results and annual financial statements are reviewed by the ARMC and recommended to the Board for approval before releasing to the public via the Bursa Securities' website. In the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2022, the Directors are satisfied that the Group had used appropriate accounting policies that were consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates as well as ensures the financial statements comply with accounting standards and other regulatory requirements with the Management and the External Auditors.

The Statement of Directors pursuant to Section 251 of Companies Act 2016 is set out on page 55 whereas the Statement of Directors' Responsibility pursuant to Paragraph 15.26(a) of the Listing Requirements is on page 48 of this Annual Report.

The details of the audited financial statements of the Company are set out on pages 60 to 119 of this Annual Report.

C.3. Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

CVB's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics sets out the standards of ethical behaviour and values expected of Directors and employees and serves as a guide and reference in the course of the performance of their responsibilities.

The Board has implemented appropriate processes and systems to support, promote and ensure its compliance. The Board through the BNC will periodically review the Code which is available on the Company's corporate website.

The Board had also adopted a Whistle Blowing Policy ('WBP') which sets out the disclosure procedures and protection for whistle blowers to meet the Group's ethical obligations. Employees and stakeholders are encouraged to raise any serious concerns they have on any suspected misconduct or malpractices without fear of victimisation in a responsible manner rather than avoiding or overlooking them. During FY 2022, the Board reviewed and updated the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and the WBP.

The WBP is available on the Company's official website at http://www.countryview.com.my.

C.4 Ensure Timely and High-Quality Disclosure

The Board acknowledges the importance of ensuring that it has in place, appropriate corporate disclosure policies and procedures which leverage on information technology as recommended by the MCCG.

The Board's Corporate Disclosure Policy and Procedures which complies with the disclosure requirements as set out in the Listing Requirements, guided by Bursa's Corporate Disclosure Guide (Issued on 22nd September 2011) can be viewed on the Company's website.



Corporate Governance Overview Statement Cont'd

PRINCIPLE C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS Cont'd

C.5 Strengthen Relationship between Company and Shareholders

As stated earlier, the Board recognizes the importance of communications with its shareholders and will take additional measures to encourage shareholders participation at general meetings as recommended by the MCCG.

In order to reduce the chances of an outbreak of the virus of Covid-19, the Company's 39th AGM was still conducted virtually by way of Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") Platform through live streaming as guided by the Guidance and FAQs on the Conduct of General Meeting for Listed Issuers issued by the Securities Commission on 18 April 2020 (revised on 19 February 2021).

In line with Paragraph 8.29A of the Listing Requirement, all resolutions tabled at the Company's 39th AGM were voted by poll via RPV. An independent scrutineer was appointed to validate the poll results and the decision of each resolution put to poll as well as the name of the independent scrutineer was announced to Bursa Securities on the same day of the 39th AGM.

At the last AGM, the Executive Chairman encouraged the shareholders to participate in the questions and answers session on the resolutions being proposed and on the Group's operations in general. The Directors, Management and External Auditors were in attendance to respond to the shareholders' queries.

In respect of the forthcoming 40th AGM to be held on 27 April 2023, the Board has opted to convene the 40th AGM by way of a fully physical mode to enable better physical interaction and building of a better rapport between the Board and Senior Management with its stakeholders.

C.6 Stakeholder Communication Policy

The Board recognizes the importance of communications with its shareholders, investors and other stakeholders ensuring that they are well informed of the Group's performances and latest developments. As such, the Group disseminates information to its shareholders, investors and other stakeholders through its Annual Report, circulars, quarterly financial results, various corporate disclosure and announcements from time to time. Shareholders, investors and other stakeholders may obtain the Company's latest announcements via the website of Bursa Securities at www. bursamalaysia.com. The Company also maintains its website at https://www.countryview.com.my containing business, investor and product information for the access of the general public.

The Group's AGM serves as a principal forum for dialogue with shareholders for which due notice is given. Shareholders are encouraged to raise questions pertaining to the operations and financials of the Group.

The Board believes that ongoing communication with shareholders is vital for shareholders and investors to make informed investment decisions.

C.7 Sustainability

The Board of CVB recognises the importance of building a sustainable business taking into consideration all factors that will affect the sustainability of the Group's business, the management and how these factors are addressed in order to create long term shareholder value and to safeguard the interest of all stakeholders.

The Group's Sustainability Statement is set out on pages 17 to 23 of this 2022 Annual Report.

Compliance Statement

The Board recognizes and views that Corporate Governance is an ongoing process and is of the view that the Company has substantially complied with the recommendations of the MCCG and will take appropriate steps towards embracing the Principles and Recommendations under the MCCG at a pace and time frame consistent with the size, priority and dynamics of the Group.



Audit and Risk Management Committee Report

COMPOSITION OF AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

In compliance with Paragraph 15.09 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ('Listing Requirements') of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ('Bursa Securities'), the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") of Country View Berhad ('CVB') is comprised wholly of Non-Executive Directors with a majority of Independent Directors as follows:

Choong Shiau Yoon

(Chairman, Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)

Han Hing Siew

(Member, Independent Non-Executive Director)

Law Kee Kong

(Member Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon, the Chairman, is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants while, Mr. Han Hing Siew a retired investment banker with experience in corporate finance and banking, and is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Mr. Law Kee Kong is an Economist by training and is a successful businessman with extensive experience in property investment and housing development. CVB is in compliance with Paragraph 15.09 (1) (c)(i) of the Main Market Listing Requirements.

SECRETARY

The secretary(ies) to the ARMC are the Company Secretary(ies) of the Company.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The detailed Terms of Reference of the ARMC outlining the composition, duties and functions, authority and procedures of the ARMC are published and available on the Company's website at www.countryview.com.my

MEETINGS

The attendance record of all members of the ARMC in respect of the financial year ended 30 November 2022 at meetings of the ARMC held are as follows: -

Name	Number of Meetings Attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon	5/5	100
Mr. Han Hing Siew	5/5	100
Mr. Law Kee Kong	5/5	100

The Agenda for meetings, the relevant reports and papers were furnished to all ARMC members by the Secretaries after consultation with the ARMC Chairman in advance to facilitate effective deliberation and decision making at the respective meetings.

During its scheduled quarterly meetings, the ARMC reviewed the interim and year-end financial report, the internal and external audit plans and reports, Related Party Transactions ('RPT'), if any, and all other areas within the scope of responsibilities of the ARMC under its Terms of Reference.

During the year, the ARMC also reviewed the Group's risk management framework and profile [with the assistance of its Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee ("SRMWC")]. The ARMC also reviewed the internal control processes (with the assistance of its outsourced Internal Audit Function) twice a year.



Audit and Risk Management Committee Report Cont'd

MEETINGS Cont'd

All issues and challenges were deliberated during ARMC meetings before arriving at any decisions, conclusions or recommendations and brought to the attention of the Board where necessary. The minutes of these deliberations and the resultant decisions, conclusions or recommendations at each ARMC meeting were properly minuted by the Company Secretary and subsequently elevated to the Board for review and notation.

The Group General Manager and the Chief Financial Officer who are the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the SRMWC respectively were invited to and attended all ARMC meetings to facilitate direct communication and interaction as well as provide clarifications on audit, financial, risk management and operational issues.

The representatives of the outsourced Internal Audit Function attended the ARMC meetings to table their respective Internal Audit reports.

The External Auditors of the Company represented by their Engagement Partner and the Audit Manager leading the Audit attended ARMC meetings to present their Audit Planning Memorandum and Audit Findings Memorandum.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

In respect of the financial year ended 30th November 2022, the ARMC in discharging its duties and functions carried out activities which are summarised broadly as follows: -

a) Internal Audit

The CVB Group's internal audit function, which reports directly to the ARMC, is outsourced to Tricor Axcelasia Sdn. Bhd. The Engagement Executive Director is Ms. Melissa Koay who has diverse professional experience in internal audit, risk management and corporate governance advisory. She is a Chartered Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Fellow Member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom. Ms. Koay is also a Certified Internal Auditor (USA).

The number of staff deployed for the internal audit reviews was 3 to 4 staff per visit (including the engagement Executive Director) which is carried out twice a year. The staff involved in the internal audit reviews possesses professional qualifications and/or a university degree. The internal audit staff on the engagement team are free from any relationship or conflict of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence, and the internal audit reviews were conducted using a risk-based approach and were guided by the International Professional Practice Framework of the Institute of Internal Auditors.

The primary responsibility of this internal audit function is to assist the Board and the ARMC in reviewing and assessing whether the management systems of internal control procedures are adequate and effective as well as provide recommendations to strengthen these internal control procedures so as to foster a strong control environment.

Before the commencement of the internal audit reviews, an internal audit plan over a 2-year cycle is presented to the ARMC for their deliberation and approval. Upon approval by the ARMC, internal audit reviews would be carried out in accordance with the approved internal audit plan.

The results of the audit reviews and the recommendations for improvement were discussed with Senior Management and subsequently presented to the ARMC at their quarterly meetings.

In addition, follow-up visits were also conducted to ascertain the status of implementation of agreed management action plans. The results of the follow-up reviews were also reported to the ARMC.

Thereafter during the quarterly meetings following the presentation of the Internal Audit Report, the ARMC also reviews with the Internal Auditors, the progress and coverage of the Internal Audit Plan to ensure that the audit direction remains relevant and is in line with the ARMC's expectations.



Audit and Risk Management Committee Report Cont'd

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES Cont'd

a) Internal Audit Cont'd

Prior to the presentation of reports and findings to the ARMC, comments from the management were obtained and incorporated into the internal audit findings and reports.

The Internal Auditors attended two (2) ARMC meetings during the financial year. The functional areas and operating processes reviewed by the Internal Auditors were as follows: -

- i. Anti-Corruption Programme Management
- ii. Project Management (tender for contractor)

The internal audit reports also covered the follow-up by the management on the implementation of recommendations in their earlier reports.

The total cost incurred during the current financial year for the internal audit function of the Group was RM 41,760.

Subsequent to the financial year end 30 November 2022, the ARMC carried out an assessment of the performance and suitability of the Internal Audit Function based on the adequacy of the scope, competency and resources. The ARMC was satisfied with the performance of the outsourced Internal Audit Function and recommend the renewal of their engagement.

b) During the year, the ARMC with the assistance of the SRMWC reviewed the Risk Management Framework and Profile as well as the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework. The SRMWC is responsible to oversee and perform periodic reviews on the Group's Risk Management framework and activities. Further details of the Group's risk management and internal control processes are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 42 to 46 of this Annual Report.

c) Financial Reporting

In overseeing and discharging its responsibilities in respect of financial reporting, the ARMC:

- i. Reviewed the financial positions, quarterly interim financial reports and announcements for the respective financial quarters prior to submission to the Board for consideration and approval. The 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Quarter Interim Financial Reports were tabled at the ARMC meetings held on 28 April 2022, 26 July 2022, 18 October 2022 and 19 January 2023.
- ii. The Quarterly Reports and Audited Financial Statements ('AFS') were prepared in compliance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard ('MFRS') while the quarterly reports took into consideration Paragraph 9.22 including Appendix 9B of Listing Requirements;
- iii. Reviewed the External Auditors' Audit Planning Memorandum for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 including the key audit matters that were of most significant in respect of the audit;
- iv. Reviewed the AFS and the External Auditors' findings and recommendations for the financial year ended 30th November 2022 on 19 January 2023;
- v. Conducted independent meeting sessions with the External Auditors without the presence of executive board members and management personnel on 19 January 2023 and 13 March 2023;
- vi. Considered the performance of External Auditors, reviewed the independence of External Auditors and recommended to the Board for re-appointment;



Audit and Risk Management Committee Report Cont'd

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES Cont'd

c) Financial Reporting Cont'd

- vii. To ensure the integrity of the financial information, received assurance from the Executive Directors and Chief Financial Officer, that: -
 - Appropriate accounting policies had been adopted and applied consistently;
 - The going concern basis applied in the Annual Consolidated Financial Statements was appropriate;
 - Prudent judgements and reasonable estimates had been made in accordance with the requirements set out in the FRSs;
 - Adequate controls and processes were in place for effective and efficient financial reporting and relevant disclosures under FRSs and Listing Requirements; and
 - The consolidated Annual Financial Statements and the Quarterly Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements did not contain material misstatements and gave a true and fair view of the financial position.
- viii. Reviewed the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control together with the Internal Auditors and External Auditors and received assurance from the Executive Directors and Chief Financial Officer that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are operating adequately and effectively in all material aspects before recommending the Statement to the Board of Directors.

d) External Audit

Messrs BDO PLT is the External Auditors for CVB and all its subsidiaries. Messrs BDO PLT led by their engagement partner presented their Audit Planning Memorandum for the financial year ended 30th November 2022 on 18 October 2022 and had declared and confirmed that they were independent and would be independent through their audit engagement.

Subsequent to the financial year ended 30 November 2022, the ARMC met with the External Auditors in the absence of management on two (2) occasions on 19 January 2023 and 13 March 2023. The ARMC had the opportunity to assess the co-operation extended by the Management to the External Auditors, their attitude and readiness to provide documentation and explanations, as well as the adequacy of resources in the Group's financial department.

The ARMC carried out an assessment of the performance and suitability of Messrs BDO PLT based on the quality of services, sufficiency of resources, adequate resources and trained professional staff assigned to the audit. The ARMC has been generally satisfied with the independence, performance and suitability of Messrs BDO PLT based on the assessment and are recommending to the Board and shareholders for approval for the re-appointment of Messrs BDO PLT as External Auditors for the financial year ending 30 November 2023.

e) During the financial year end 30 November 2022, there were no related party transactions. Nevertheless, the ARMC reviewed and ensured that the processes in respect of RPT's were present and adhered to.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Apart from discharging its duties with respect to the internal audit, risk management, financial reporting and external audit, the ARMC also reviewed the disclosures made in respect of the financial results and Annual Report of the Company in line with the principles and spirit set out in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2017, other applicable laws, rules, directives and guidelines.

In addition, before finalising the various governance disclosures in the Annual Report, the ARMC together with all other Board Members and management had reviewed the Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Corporate Governance Report, Sustainability Statement, ARMC Report, Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control together with other compliance disclosures.



 \bullet

The Board of Directors ("Board) of Country View Berhad is committed to nurture and preserve throughout the Group a sound system of risk management and internal controls and good corporate governance practices as set out in the Board's Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, made in compliance with Paragraph 15.26(b) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") and as guided by the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers.

BOARD'S RESPONSIBILITY

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for maintaining a sound risk management framework and internal control system to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets, as well as to discharge its stewardship responsibility in identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of an appropriate risk management and internal control system to manage those risks in accordance with Principle B of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance.

The Board continually articulates, implements and reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system which has been embedded in all aspects of the Group's activities. The Board reviews the processes, responsibilities and assesses for reasonable assurance that risks have been managed within the Group's risk appetite and tolerable ranges and to ensure that the system is viable and robust. This ongoing process has been in place for the entire financial year under review and up to the date of approval of this Statement for inclusion in the Annual Report.

In view of the ever-changing risk landscape, the Group's system is designed to effectively manage rather than completely eliminate the risks of failure to achieve the business objectives of the Group. Accordingly, such systems can only provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud. The aim, however, is to ensure that any adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the objectives of the Group is identified, mitigated and managed.

The Board has received assurance from the *Executive Directors and the Chief Financial Officer that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control framework of the Group.

*Under CVB's organisation and management structure, the roles and functions of a Group Chief Executive Officer is carried out and performed by the Executive Directors jointly and collectively.

During the financial year, the Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee ("SRMWC") reviewed, appraised and assessed the controls and actions in place to mitigate and manage the overall risk exposure of the Group as well as raised issues of concerns and recommended mitigating actions. The SRMWC reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee ('ARMC") where key risks and mitigating actions were deliberated and implemented. Subsequently, the ARMC presented a summary of their deliberations and decisions to the Board.

During the financial year, the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls were reviewed by the ARMC in relation to the internal audits conducted by the outsourced Internal Audit function. The ARMC deliberated on the audit issues and actions taken by Management and a summary of the deliberations has been presented to the Board.

Where there are internal control and risk-related matters warranting the attention of the Board, these matters are recommended by the ARMC to the Board for its deliberation and decision.

KEY FEATURES OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCESSES

Key processes have been established in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system including the following:

• The Executive Directors manage the operations of the Group in accordance with corporate objectives, strategies, policies and annual budgets as approved by the Board. Further details on the roles of the Executive Directors are set out in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement.



KEY FEATURES OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL PROCESSES contid

- The ARMC of the Group, with the assistance of the Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee, performs scheduled risk management assessments and through the Internal Audit function, reviews the internal control processes, and evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system. The committee also seeks the observations of the independent external auditors of the Group. Further details are set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report.
- The Group has combined the function of a Sustainability Working Committee together with the existing Risk Management
 Working Committee and was renamed as Sustainability and Risk Management Working Committee ("SRMWC"). It was
 established to oversee and perform periodic reviews of the Group's risk management framework and activities.

The SRMWC is chaired by the Group General Manager and in his absence, the Chief Financial Officer will chair the meeting which comprises of the relevant Head of Departments.

The SRMWC will report to the ARMC regarding the Group's risk exposures, including its review of the risk assessment model used to monitor the risk exposures and the views of Management on the acceptable and appropriate level of risks faced by the Group. Subsequently, ARMC will report to the Board for their attention, review and/or approval where necessary.

- The Board Nomination Committee ("BNC") assists the Board to review and recommending candidates to the Board of the Company, and evaluates the performance of Directors on an annual basis.
- The Board Remuneration Committee ("BRC") assists the Board to review and recommend appropriate remuneration policies for Directors to ensure that their remuneration commensurate with their performance.

OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

a) Management Structure

The Group maintains a formal organisation structure with clear lines of accountability and responsibility. The daily running of the businesses is entrusted to the Executive Directors and their Management teams. The heads of each operating subsidiary and department of the Group are empowered with the responsibility of managing their respective operations.

b) Reporting and Review

The Group maintains formal and structured lines of reporting and responsibilities within the Group. A reporting hierarchy has been established to facilitate the review and approval process within the Group.

Information is provided to the Senior Management and the Board via monthly and quarterly management reports respectively. This is to ensure that matters that require the Board's and Senior Management's attention are highlighted for review, deliberation and decision on a timely basis.

Ad-hoc and scheduled meetings are held at operational and management levels to identify operational issues, discuss and review the business plans, budgets, financial and operational performances of the Group. Quarterly financial statements containing key financial results and comparisons are tabled to the Board for their review and approval before announcement is made to the public.



OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROLS cont'd

c) Internal Policies and Procedures

- Policies and procedures, handbook, guidelines and authority limits have been established for employees within the Group in respect of day-to-day operations.
- Adoption and consistent application of appropriate accounting policies in the annual financial statements of the Group, and prudent judgements and reasonable estimates have been made in accordance with the applicable accounting standards in Malaysia. Processes and controls are in place for effective and efficient financial reporting and disclosure in the annual and quarterly financial statements of the Group to give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Group.
- Top down communication is made to all levels, of the Company's values such as the Board Charter, our statements of vision, mission, code of business conduct and ethics, corporate disclosure, board policy on time commitment, procedures for appointment of directors, policy on fit and proper person, remuneration for directors and senior management, stakeholders communication, sustainability policy, whistle-blowing as well as anti-bribery and corruption policy are available on our website.

d) Audits

The Group's internal audit function is outsourced to an independent professional firm, which is guided by the International Professional Practices Framework of the Institute of Internal Auditors, an international professional association of internal auditors, in carrying out internal audit assignments on the Group. The internal auditors, who report directly to the ARMC, assist the Board in assessing the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal control system established by Management based on an agreed scope of work as outlined in a Risk-Based Internal Audit Plan tabled to, and approved by, the ARMC during the financial year. There was no restriction placed upon the scope of the Internal Audit function's work and the internal auditor was allowed full and unrestricted access to the records pertinent for the internal audit and relevant personnel of the Group.

Further details of the functions and activities of the Internal Audit function are set out in the Audit and Risk Management Committee Report.

• The external audit engagement and quality reviewing partners are to be subject to a seven years rotation. An annual plan, comprising planned statutory audits and the scope of work for the financial year in relation to the audit services by the external auditors, are reviewed and approved by the ARMC.

e) Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions are disclosed, reviewed, and monitored by the ARMC and presented to the Board as and when these transactions arise.

f) Insurance

The Group has in place adequate insurance coverage where it is available on economically acceptable terms to mitigate any unexpected financial impact.

g) Sustainability

Major sustainability risks have been addressed in line with the Group's sustainability framework and business strategies as elaborated in the Sustainability Statement.



RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Group has established a risk management framework for managing risks affecting its business and operations.

The responsibility for managing risk resides at all levels within the Group. The day-to-day operational risks (such as health and safety, quality, project risks, etc.) are mainly managed by the project team and the respective heads who are guided by the approved standard operating procedures. Key strategic and operational risks that cut across the Group (such as new project investments, finance, contract management, human resources, etc.) are managed at the Group level.

Within the framework, an established and structured process has been put in place for the identification, assessment, communication, monitoring as well as the review of key risks and the effectiveness of key controls implemented. Due to the nature of the operations, the project operation risks are identified on an ongoing basis by the project team and reported to management immediately during the scheduled project and task force meetings with appropriate actions taken to manage and mitigate the project risks in a timely manner.

Key risks and mitigating controls are also highlighted and deliberated during the periodic management meetings. Significant risks affecting the strategic and business plans of the Group are escalated to the SRMWC and highlighted to the ARMC before reporting to the Board at their scheduled meetings.

The respective heads of department will report and update the risk management database as and when new risks are identified together with the associated mitigating factors recorded accordingly in SRMWC's meeting. The level of risk tolerance is expressed through the use of a risk impact and likelihood matrix where the ratings are assessed in response to changes in the business environment.

During the financial year under review, the SRMWC has conducted the following: -

- Oversee and perform periodic reviews of the Group's risk management framework and activities.
- · Identified risks and corresponding controls in place to mitigate these risks for each significant business process; and
- Assessed and reviewed the Risk Management profile for the Group and compiled the report for review and recommendation to the ARMC before approval by the Board.
- The Chairman of SRMWC presented the updated Risk Management profile to ARMC at their meeting held on 10 March 2022 and 26 July 2022.

The SRMWC assessed risks identified within the Group by referring to risk categorisation laid down in the Risk Management Framework.

The key risk areas for financial year ended 30 November 2022 included the following:

- Market/economic risk
- Liquidity and cash flow risk
- Operational risk
- Competition risk
- Regulatory and compliance risk
- Health risks

To minimise the various risks faced by the Group, various mitigating actions were implemented to address them.



REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

As required by Paragraph 15.23 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements, the external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control. Their review was performed in accordance with the Audit and Assurance Practice Guide ("AAPG") 3 issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Their review has been conducted to assess whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control is both supported by the documentation prepared by or for the Directors and appropriately reflects the process the Directors have adopted in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of risk management and the system of internal control for the Group.

AAPG 3 does not require the external auditors to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. Based on the procedures performed, the external auditors have reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that this Statement has not been prepared in all material respects, in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers, nor is factually inaccurate.

CONCLUSION

The Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control systems are adequate and satisfactory for the year under review and up to the date of approval of this statement, there were no material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require a separate disclosure in the Group's annual report.

The Board recognises the necessity to continuously improve the Group's system of internal control and risk management practices to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. Therefore, the Board will continuously evolve the Group's system of internal control and risk management to meet the changing and challenging business environment and put in place appropriate action plans to further enhance the system of internal control and risk management if necessary.



Additional Compliance Information

To comply with the Listing Requirements, the following additional information is provided:

1. UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

There were no proceeds raised by the Company during the financial year.

2. AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT FEES

The audit and non-audit fees paid or payable to Messrs BDO PLT, the external auditors by the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year ended 30 November 2022 were as follows:

	2022			
Audit Services	Group	Company RM		
	RM			
Statutory audit fees	133,000	60,000		
Non-audit fees	6,000	4,000		
TOTAL	139,000	64,000		

3. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There were no material contracts (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business) either subsisting as at the financial year end or entered into since the end of the previous financial year by the Company and its subsidiaries which involved the interests of the Directors and major shareholders.

4. CONTRACTS RELATING TO LOANS

There were no contract relating to loans by the Company and its subsidiaries in respect of the preceding item.

5. RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION ("RRPT")

There were no RRPT of a revenue nature between the Group and its related parties during the financial year under review.

6. EMPLOYEE SHARE SCHEME

There was no employee share scheme implemented or in operation during the financial year.



Statement of Directors' Responsibilities In Respect of the Audited Financial Statements

The Directors are required by the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act") to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at the end of the financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Company and the Group for the financial year.

In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2022, the Directors have:

- considered the applicable approved Malaysian Accounting Standards
- adopted and consistently applied appropriate accounting policies
- made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable
- prepared financial statements on the going concern basis as the Directors have a reasonable expectation, having
 made enquiries that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the
 foreseeable future.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company and the Group keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and the Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Act.

The Directors have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 NOVEMBER 2022

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Directors' Report



The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are property development, investment holding and property investment. The principal activities and the details of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year	3,038	(478)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the parent	3,038	(478)

DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid, declared or proposed by the Company since the end of the previous financial year were as follows:

	RM'000
In respect of financial year ended 30 November 2022:	
First interim single tier dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share, paid on 26 September 2022	3,000
n respect of financial year ended 30 November 2021:	
Second interim single tier dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share, paid on 25 March 2022	3,000
	6,000

On 19 January 2023, the Board of Directors declared a second interim single tier dividend of 4 sen per ordinary share amounting to RM4,000,000 in respect of the financial year ended 30 November 2022. The dividend was paid on 17 February 2023 to shareholders. The dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 November 2023.

The Directors do not recommend any payment of final dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 30 November 2022.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those presented in the statements of changes in equity.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There were no new issue of shares or debentures during the financial year.



DIRECTORS

The Directors who have held office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Country View Berhad

Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid Law Kit Tat Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean Wong Joon Chin (F) Law Kee Kong Choong Shiau Yoon Han Hing Siew Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun (appointed on 13 March 2023)

Subsidiaries of Country View Berhad

Law Kit Tat Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean Wong Joon Chin (F)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The Directors holding office at the end of the financial year and their beneficial interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year ended 30 November 2022 as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia were as follows:

	·····Number of ordinary shares			·····	
	Balance as at 1.12.2021	Addition	Sold	Balance as at 30.11.2022	
Shares in the Company <u>Direct interests:</u>					
Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid Law Kit Tat Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean Wong Joon Chin (F)	626,200 22,007,800 10,608,736 2,150,000	- - -	- - -	626,200 22,007,800 10,608,736 2,150,000	
Law Kee Kong	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	
Indirect interests: Law Kit Tat ^a	2,811,600	2,110,000	-	4,921,600	

^a Deemed interest in shares held by his son pursuant to Section 59 (11) (c) of the Companies Act 2016

By virtue of their interests in the ordinary shares of the Company, the above Directors are also deemed to be interested in the ordinary shares of all the subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has an interest.

None of the other Directors holding office at the end of the financial year held any interest in the ordinary shares and options over ordinary shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.





DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Directors have received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than those benefits included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director, or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year, to which the Company is a party, which had the object of enabling the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 were as follows:

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Salaries and other emoluments	1,515	1,515
Directors' fee	270	270
Estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind	61	26
	1,846	1,811

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS OR AUDITORS

There were no indemnity given to or insurance effected for the Directors or officers and the auditors of the Company during the financial year.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY

(I) AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps:
 - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making
 of provision for doubtful debts and have satisfied themselves that there are no known bad debts to be
 written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts; and
 - (ii) to ensure that any current assets other than debts, which were unlikely to realise their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their estimated realisable values.
- (b) In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

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OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION REGARDING THE GROUP AND THE COMPANY Cont'd

(II) FROM THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- (c) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
 - which would necessitate the writing off of bad debts or render the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any material extent;
 - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; and
 - (iii) which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) In the opinion of the Directors:
 - there has not arisen any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made; and
 - (ii) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve (12) months after the end of the financial year which would or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

(III) AS AT THE DATE OF THIS REPORT

- (e) There are no charges on the assets of the Group and of the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year to secure the liabilities of any other person.
- (f) There are no contingent liabilities of the Group and of the Company which have arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (g) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.



AUDITORS

The auditors, BDO PLT (201906000013 (LLP0018825-LCA) & AF 0206), have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Auditors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 were as follows:

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Statutory audit	133	60
Other services	6	4
	139	64

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Law Kit Tat Director Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean
Director

Johor Bahru 13 March 2023

Statement By Directors



In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 60 to 119 have been drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 November 2022 and of the financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended.

On behalf of the Board,

Law Kit Tat Director Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean

Director

Johor Bahru 13 March 2023

Statutory Declaration

. . .

I, Ong Seng Piow (CA 11715), being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Country View Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 60 to 119 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly)
declared by the abovenamed at)
Johor Bahru, Johor this)
13 March 2023)

Ong Seng Piow

Before me:

Commissioner for Oaths

SERENA KAUR A/P GUBACHEN SINGH

NO. J252 Johor Bahru



To the Members of Country View Berhad (Incorporated In Malaysia)



Tel: +607 331 9815 Fax: +607 331 9817 www.bdo.my Suite 18-04 Level 18 Menara Zurich 15 Jalan Dato' Abdullah Tahir 80300 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Ta'zim Malaysia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Country View Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 November 2022 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 60 to 119.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 November 2022, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters of the Group

(a) Revenue recognition for property development

Revenue from property development of the Group for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 amounted to RM55.2 million as disclosed in Note 22 to the financial statements.

We determined this to be a key audit matter because it requires management to exercise significant judgement in determining the satisfaction of performance obligations as stated in the contracts with customers, and the Group also estimates total contract costs in applying the input method to recognise revenue over time.



To the Members of Country View Berhad (Incorporated In Malaysia) Cont'd



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Key Audit Matters Cont'd

Key Audit Matters of the Group Cont'd

(a) Revenue recognition for property development Cont'd

Audit response

Our audit procedures included the following:

- (a) Reviewed contracts with customers to identify distinct and material performance obligations, and compared our findings to the findings of the Group;
- (b) Recomputed the results of the input method determined by management for revenue recognition based on verified actual costs incurred to-date and budgeted costs;
- (c) Assessed estimated total costs to complete through inquiries with management personnel of the Group and tested documentation to support cost estimates made; and
- (d) Compared estimated total cost to actual outcomes to assess the reliability of management's budgeting process.

(b) Recoverability of trade receivables

As at 30 November 2022, trade receivables of the Group amounted to RM8 million. The details of trade receivables has been disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

We determined this to be a key audit matter because it requires management to exercise significant judgement in determining the probability of default by trade receivables and appropriate forward looking information.

Audit response

Our audit procedures included the following:

- a) Recomputed the probability of default using historical data and forward looking information adjustment applied by the Group;
- b) Recomputed the correlation coefficient between forward looking factors and historical credit losses to determine the appropriateness of the forward looking information used by the Group; and
- Inquiries of management to assess the rationale underlying the relationship between the forward looking information and expected credit losses.

Key Audit Matter of the Company

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report in respect of the audit of the financial statements of the Company.

To the Members of Country View Berhad (Incorporated In Malaysia) Cont'd



Tel: +607 331 9815 Fax: +607 331 9817 www.bdo.my Suite 18-04 Level 18 Menara Zurich 15 Jalan Dato' Abdullah Tahir 80300 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Ta'zim Malaysia

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.

To the Members of Country View Berhad (Incorporated In Malaysia) Cont'd



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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements cont'd

- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

BDO PLT201906000013 (LLP0018825-LCA) &
AF 0206 Chartered Accountants

Sia Yeak Hong 03413/02/2025 J Chartered Accountant

Johor Bahru 13 March 2023

Statements of Financial Position

As At 30 November 2022

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Note Note RM'000 RM'00				oup —	Company	
Note RM'000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'0000 RM'0			Group 2021			
ASSETS Non-current assets Plant and equipment Right-O-use assets Plant and equipment Right-O-use assets Rig		Note				
Non-current assets Plant and equipment 7		Note	KW 000	14W 000	IXW 000	Itim 000
Plant and equipment 7	ASSETS					
Right-Of-use assets 8	Non-current assets	г				
Investment properties 9		1			- 1	
Investments in subsidiaries 10		1			92	278
Inventories 12 54,650 461,511 - - -		-	43,618	54,684	- 140 577	-
Deferred tax assets		-	-	-	148,5//	
101,946 520,514 148,703 148,916					-	-
Current assets 12 520,469 110,708 - - -	Deferred tax assets	11 [009	940	-	-
Inventories 12 520,469 110,708 - - - - -	Current accets		101,946	520,514	148,703	148,916
Trade and other receivables 15 9,759 16,084 4,446 11,007 Contract assets 16 36,825		12	520.469	110 708		
Contract assets Current tax assets Current tax assets Current tax assets Cash and bank balances 17		!			4 446	11 007
Current tax assets Cash and bank balances 1,121 15 13 15 Cash and bank balances 17 7,166 20,317 102 71 575,340 147,124 4,561 11,093 TOTAL ASSETS 677,286 667,638 153,264 160,009 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital Retained earnings 18 100,124 100,124 100,124 100,124 100,124 100,124 155,390 TOTAL EQUITY 412,110 415,072 148,842 155,320 Lease liabilities Borrowings 19 172,313 183,016 -		1		10,004	4,446	11,007
Total pank balances		10	1	15	13	15
TOTAL ASSETS		17	1	1		
### TOTAL ASSETS ### G77,286 667,638 153,264 160,009 ### EQUITY AND LIABILITIES ### Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital	Cacif and Bank Balances	'' [1,100	20,017	102	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital 18 100,124 311,986 314,948 48,718 55,196 TOTAL EQUITY 412,110 415,072 148,842 155,320 LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings 19 172,313 183,016		-	575,340	147,124	4,561	11,093
Equity attributable to owners of the parent Share capital 18 100,124 314,948 48,718 55,196 TOTAL EQUITY 412,110 415,072 148,842 155,320 LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings 19 172,313 183,016	TOTAL ASSETS	=	677,286	667,638	153,264	160,009
of the parent Share capital 18 100,124 311,986 100,124 314,948 100,124 48,718 100,124 55,196 TOTAL EQUITY 412,110 415,072 148,842 155,320 Liabilities Borrowings 19 172,313 183,016 -	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Section Sect						
TOTAL EQUITY 412,110 415,072 148,842 155,320 LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities 19 172,313 183,016 302 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 172,635 183,794 183,016	Share capital	18	100,124	100,124	100,124	100,124
Non-current liabilities Section	Retained earnings	L	311,986	314,948	48,718	55,196
Non-current liabilities 19	TOTAL EQUITY		412,110	415,072	148,842	155,320
Section Sect	LIABILITIES					
Total Liabilities 8 322 778 8 103	Non-current liabilities	_				
172,635 183,794 8 103 Current liabilities Trade and other payables 20 54,864 46,583 2,525 2,835 Contract liabilities 16 - 30 - - Borrowings 19 36,875 21,181 1,794 1,554 Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 2 116 - - - 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689	Borrowings				-	-
Current liabilities Trade and other payables 20 54,864 46,583 2,525 2,835 Contract liabilities 16 - 30 - - Borrowings 19 36,875 21,181 1,794 1,554 Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 2 116 - - 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689	Lease liabilities	8 [322	778	8	103
Trade and other payables Contract liabilities 16 - Borrowings 19 36,875 21,181 1,794 1,554 Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689			172,635	183,794	8	103
Trade and other payables Contract liabilities 16 - Borrowings 19 36,875 21,181 1,794 1,554 Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689	Current liabilities					
Contract liabilities 16 - 30		20 [54.864	46.583	2.525	2.835
Borrowings 19 36,875 21,181 1,794 1,554 Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 2 116	' '	1	,	1	_,==	_,555
Lease liabilities 8 800 862 95 197 Current tax liabilities 2 116 - - 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689		1	36.875	1	1,794	1,554
Current tax liabilities 2 116 - - 92,541 68,772 4,414 4,586 TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689	Lease liabilities	ı		i		
TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689	Current tax liabilities					
TOTAL LIABILITIES 265,176 252,566 4,422 4,689		_	92.541	68.772	4.414	4 586
		-				
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES <u>677,286</u> 667,638 <u>153,264</u> 160,009	IOIAL LIABILITIES	-	265,176	252,566	4,422	4,689
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	=	677,286	667,638	153,264	160,009

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022

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		Group		Company	
	Note	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
	Note	KW 000	TXW 000	IXW 000	IXIII 000
Revenue	22	81,317	68,131	-	22
Cost of sales	23	(56,338)	(46,840)	<u> </u>	(24)
Gross profit/(loss)		24,979	21,291	-	(2)
Other income		6,393	8,221	2,676	2,759
Marketing and promotion expenses		(1,578)	(985)	-	-
Administrative expenses		(21,989)	(16,006)	(3,213)	(3,372)
Reversal/(Losses) on impairment of financial assets	15(f)	-	-	180	(153)
Finance costs	24	(3,673)	(2,528)	(121)	(126)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	25	4,132	9,993	(478)	(894)
Tax expense	26	(1,094)	(3,379)	<u> </u>	-
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year		3,038	6,614	(478)	(894)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_				-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	=	3,038	6,614	(478)	(894)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	=	3,038	6,614	(478)	(894)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	_	3,038	6,614	(478)	(894)

Earnings per ordinary share attributable to equity holders of the Company (sen):

Basic and diluted:

Profit for the financial year 27 3.04 6.61

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.



Statements of Changes In Equity For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022

	Net	Share capital	<u>Distributable</u> Retained earnings	Total equity
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group				
Balance as at 1 December 2020		100,124	310,334	410,458
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax			6,614	6,614
Total comprehensive income		-	6,614	6,614
Transactions with owners Dividends paid	28		(2,000)	(2,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(2,000)	(2,000)
Balance as at 30 November 2021	:	100,124	314,948	415,072
Balance as at 1 December 2021		100,124	314,948	415,072
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax		- -	3,038	3,038
Total comprehensive income		-	3,038	3,038
Transactions with owners	[(2.222)
Dividends paid	28	-	(6,000)	(6,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(6,000)	(6,000)
Balance as at 30 November 2022	:	100,124	311,986	412,110

Statements of Changes In Equity

For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022 Cont'd

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	Note	Share capital RM'000	<u>Distributable</u> Retained earnings RM'000	Total equity RM'000
Company				
Balance as at 1 December 2020		100,124	58,090	158,214
Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax			(894)	(894)
Total comprehensive loss		-	(894)	(894)
Transactions with owners: Dividends paid	28	_	(2,000)	(2,000)
Total transactions with owners			(2,000)	(2,000)
Balance as at 30 November 2021		100,124	55,196	155,320
Balance as at 1 December 2021		100,124	55,196	155,320
Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	(478) -	(478) -
Total comprehensive loss		-	(478)	(478)
Transactions with owners: Dividends paid	28	_	(6,000)	(6,000)
Total transactions with owners		_	(6,000)	(6,000)
Balance as at 30 November 2022		100,124	48,718	148,842



Statements of Cash Flows

For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022

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		Group		Comp	Company	
		2022 2021		2022 2021		
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit/(Loss) before tax		4,132	9,993	(478)	(894)	
Adjustments for:						
Depreciation of:						
- plant and equipment	7	467	612	14	14	
- right-of-use assets	8	776	909	186	208	
Net fair value gain on investment properties	9	(4,392)	(6,633)	-	-	
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of:						
- plant and equipment		(1)	(41)	-	(4)	
- investment properties		863	102	-	-	
(Reversal)/Impairment losses on:						
- amounts owing by subsidiaries	15(f)	-	-	(180)	153	
- investments in subsidiaries	10(b)	-	-	13	450	
Interest income		(206)	(232)	-	-	
Interest expense	24	3,673	2,528	121	126	
Rent concessions	_	(5)	(36)	(5)	(10)	
Operating profit before changes						
in working capital		5,307	7,202	(329)	43	
Changes in working capital:						
Inventories		7,950	27,300	_	24	
Contract assets		(36,825)	6,253	_	_	
Contract liabilities		(30)	(344)	_	-	
Trade and other receivables		6,325	3,215	1	3	
Trade and other payables	_	8,281	7,118	(305)	(350)	
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(8,992)	50,744	(633)	(280)	
Tax paid		(2,234)	(5,013)		(7)	
Tax refunded		(2,234) 8	(3,013)	(6) 8	(1)	
Tax Teluliueu	_				<u>-</u>	
Net cash (used in)/from operating						
activities	-	(11,218)	45,731	(631)	(287)	



Statements of Cash Flows

For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022 Cont'd

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		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING					
ACTIVITIES					
Repayments from subsidiaries		-	-	6,735	2,472
Interest received		206	232	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of:					
- plant and equipment		1	41	-	4
- investment properties		16,458	7,493	-	_
Additions to land held for property					
development	13	(12,713)	(23,663)	-	-
Purchase of:					
- plant and equipment	7	(303)	(303)	-	-
- right-of-use assets	8(d)	(44)	(106)	-	-
	_				
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	_	3,605	(16,306)	6,735	2,476
ACTIVITIES Drawdown of borrowings					
- term loans		12,735	7,264	_	_
- revolving credits		20,400	-	_	_
Repayments of borrowings		,,			
- term loans		(27,339)	(28,984)	_	_
- revolving credits		(1,087)	-	_	_
- lease liabilities	8(b)	(914)	(957)	(203)	(221)
Interest paid	()	(3,615)	(2,427)	(110)	(103)
Dividends paid	28	(6,000)	(2,000)	(6,000)	(2,000)
N	_	(5.000)	(07.404)	(0.040)	(0.004)
Net cash used in financing activities	-	(5,820)	(27,104)	(6,313)	(2,324)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash					
equivalents		(13,433)	2,321	(209)	(135)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		0 447	6 006	(1 402)	(4 240)
financial year	-	8,417	6,096	(1,483)	(1,348)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of					
financial year	17(c)	(5,016)	8,417	(1,692)	(1,483)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Financial Year Ended 30 November 2022 Cont'd

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RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	Borrowings* (Note 19) RM'000	Lease liabilities (Note 8) RM'000
Group		
At 1 December 2021	192,297	1,640
Cash flows Non-cash flows:	4,709	(914)
- Additions	-	342
- Unwinding of interest - Rent concessions	<u> </u>	59 (5)
At 30 November 2022	197,006	1,122
At 1 December 2020	214,017	2,019
Cash flows	(21,720)	(957)
Non-cash flows: - Lease reassessment	-	(77)
- Additions	-	590
- Unwinding of interest - Rent concessions		101 (36)
At 30 November 2021	192,297	1,640
Company		
At 1 December 2021	-	300
Cash flows Non-cash flows:	-	(203)
- Unwinding of interest	-	11
- Rent concessions		(5)
At 30 November 2022		103
At 1 December 2020	-	535
Cash flows Non-cash flows:	-	(221)
- Lease reassessment	-	(27)
- Unwinding of interest	-	23
- Rent concessions	-	(10)
At 30 November 2021		300

^{*} Borrowings exclude bank overdrafts.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements 30 NOVEMBER 2022



1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office of the Company is located at Suite 5.11 & 5.12, 5th Floor, Menara TJB, No. 9, Jalan Syed Mohd. Mufti, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor.

The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit 26-01, Mail Box 261, Menara Landmark, No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor.

The consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is also the functional currency of the Company. All financial information presented in RM has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution by the Board of Directors on 13 March 2023.

2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are property development, investment holding and property investment. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 10 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the provisions of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year. The new MFRSs and amendments to MFRSs adopted during the financial year are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise stated in the financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRSs and IFRSs requires the Directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and contingent liabilities. In addition, the Directors are also required to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving such judgement, estimates and assumptions are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements. Although these estimates and assumptions are based on the Directors' best knowledge of events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.2 Basis of consolidation

Where the Company has control over an investee, it is classified as a subsidiary. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure to variable returns from the investee, and the ability of the investor to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

De-facto control exists in situations where the Company has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether de-facto control exists the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

- (a) The size of the Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights;
- (b) Substantive potential voting rights held by the Company and by other parties;
- (c) Other contractual arrangements; and
- (d) Historic patterns in voting attendance.

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they formed a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the acquisition method. In the statement of financial position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date on which control ceases.

4.3 Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method of accounting.

Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with MFRS 112 Income Taxes and MFRS 119 Employee Benefits respectively;
- (b) liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacements by the Group of an acquiree's share-based payment transactions are measured in accordance with MFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and
- (c) assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with MFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that Standard.

Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.3 Business combinations Cont'd

Any contingent consideration payable is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Measurement period adjustments to contingent consideration are dealt with as follows:

- (a) If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it is not remeasured and settlement is accounted for within equity.
- (b) Other contingent consideration that:
 - (i) is within the scope of MFRS 9 shall be measured at fair value at each reporting date and changes in fair value shall be recognised in profit or loss in accordance with MFRS 9.
 - (ii) is not within the scope of MFRS 9 shall be measured at fair value at each reporting date and changes in fair value shall be recognised in profit or loss.

In a business combination achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at fair value. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition-date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by MFRSs. The choice of measurement basis is made on a combination-by-combination basis. Subsequent to initial recognition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill in the consolidated statement of financial position. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

4.4 Plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the subsequent costs would flow to the Group and the cost of the asset could be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of plant and equipment are recognised in the profit and loss as incurred. Cost also comprises the initial estimate of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located for which the Group is obligated to incur when the asset is acquired, if applicable.

Each part of an item of plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset and which has a different useful life, is depreciated separately.

After initial recognition, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.4 Plant and equipment and depreciation Cont'd

Depreciation is calculated to write off the costs of the assets to their estimated residual values on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The principal annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Furniture and fittings	15%
Office equipment	15%
Renovation	15%
Motor vehicles	20%
Site equipment	15%

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment is assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount (see Note 4.10 to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets).

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of plant and equipment. If expectations differ from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

The carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

4.5 Leases

The Group as lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the contract for all leases excluding short-term leases or leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, conveying the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both:

- (a) periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (b) periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

In assessing whether a lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the lessee to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Group revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease.

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.5 Leases Cont'd

The Group as lessee Cont'd

Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially recorded at cost, which comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the lessor.

Subsequent to the initial recognition, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term, as follows:

Buildings 3 years Motor vehicles 20%

Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the contractual lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. The lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate of the Group. Subsequent to the initial recognition, the Group measures the lease liability by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest in the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect lease payments made, and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Group as lessor

Leases in which the Group and the Company do not transfer substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and are recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

4.6 Inventories

(a) Completed properties held for sale

The completed properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost consists of cost associated with the acquisition of land, direct costs and appropriate proportions of common costs attributable for developing the properties until completion.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.6 Inventories Cont'd

(b) Land held for property development

Land held for property development consists of land where no significant development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified within non-current assets and is stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost associated with the acquisition of land includes the purchase price of the land, professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies.

Land held for property development is reclassified as property development costs at the point when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the normal operating cycle.

(c) Property development costs

Property development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to the development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities. Such development costs comprise the cost of land under development, construction costs and other related development costs common to the whole project including professional fees, stamp duties, commissions, conversion fees and other relevant levies as well as borrowing costs.

Property development costs not recognised as an expense are recognised as an asset and are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The asset is subsequently credited over to profit or loss and recognised as an expense when the control of the asset is transferred to the customer.

4.7 Contract assets/(liabilities)

A contract asset is recognised when the right to consideration of the Group and the Company is conditional on something other than the passage of time.

A contract liability is stated at cost and represents the obligation of the Group or the Company to transfer goods or services to a customer for which consideration has been received (or the amount is due) from the customers.

Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights to economic benefits become unconditional. This usually occurs when the Group issues billing to the customer. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

4.8 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held to earn rental yields or for capital appreciation or for both and are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties also include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value.

Fair values of investment properties are based on reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of investment properties is recognised in profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

4.8 Investment properties Cont'd

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed off or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of the retirement or disposal.

Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property in accordance with MFRS 140 *Investment Property* is presented in the statements of financial position as investment property. Subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset is consistent with those investment properties owned by the Group.

4.9 Investments in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity in which the Group and the Company are exposed, or have rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and have the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

An investment in subsidiary, which is eliminated on consolidation, is stated in the separate financial statements of the Company at cost less impairment losses, if any. Investments accounted for at cost shall be accounted for in accordance with MFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* when they are classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with MFRS 5.

When control of a subsidiary is lost as a result of a transaction, event or other circumstance, the Group would derecognise all assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests at their carrying amount and recognise the fair value of the consideration received. Any retained interest in the former subsidiary is recognised at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The resulting difference is recognised as a gain or loss in profit or loss.

4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of assets, except for financial assets (excluding investments in subsidiaries), inventories, contract assets, investment properties measured at fair value and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset is estimated for an individual asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the cash generating unit ('CGU') to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

In estimating value in use, the estimated future cash inflows and outflows to be derived from continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss when the carrying amount of the asset or the CGU exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset or the CGU. The total impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets of the CGU on a pro-rata basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

4.10 Impairment of non-financial assets Cont'd

An impairment loss for assets is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets' recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Such reversals are recognised as income immediately in profit or loss.

4.11 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, an equity instrument of another enterprise, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another enterprise, or a contractual right to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Group.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another enterprise, or a contractual obligation to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Group.

Financial instruments are recognised on the statements of financial position when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. At initial recognition, an entity shall measure a financial asset or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract where the host contract is not a financial asset, and accounted for separately if, and only if, the derivative is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

(a) Financial assets

When financial assets are initially recognised, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL), directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group determines the classification of financial assets upon initial recognition. The measurement for each classification of financial assets are as below:

(i) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Financial assets that are debt instruments are measured at amortised cost if they are held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows and have contractual terms which give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process. Financial assets are carried net of any impairment losses, if any.



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.11 Financial instruments Cont'd

- (a) Financial assets Cont'd
 - (ii) Financial assets measured at fair value

Financial assets that are debt instruments are measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI), if they are held within a business model whose objectives are to collect contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and have contractual terms which give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets that are debt instruments are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, exchange differences and interest income which are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised.

Financial assets that are debt instruments which do not satisfy the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Equity instruments are classified as financial assets measured at FVTPL if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Equity instruments are classified as held for trading if they are acquired principally for sale in the near term or are derivatives that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria (including separated embedded derivatives).

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets that are equity instruments are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Cash and bank balances are measured at amortised cost. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in fair value with original maturities of three (3) months or less and are used by the Group and the Company in the management of their short term commitments. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits, if any.

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or marketplace convention. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets shall be recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

4.11 Financial instruments Cont'd

(b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definition of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities measured at FVTPL or financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(i) Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL

Financial liabilities measured at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This includes derivatives entered into by the Group that does not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivatives liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss except for the Group's own credit risk increase or decrease which is recognised in other comprehensive income. Net gain or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

(ii) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

For financial liabilities measured at amortised cost, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when, and only when, it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. An exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms are accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group and the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received at issuance and classified as equity. Transaction costs directly related to the issuance of equity instrument are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit. Otherwise, they are charged to profit or loss.

Interim dividends to shareholders are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared. Final dividends are recognised upon the approval of shareholders in a general meeting.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.12 Financial guarantee contract

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

The Group designates corporate guarantees given to banks for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries as insurance contracts as defined in MFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts*. The Group recognises these insurance contracts as recognised insurance liabilities when there is a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits would be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether its recognised insurance liabilities are adequate, using current estimates of future cash flows under its insurance contracts. If this assessment shows that the carrying amount of the insurance liabilities is inadequate, the entire deficiency shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Recognised insurance liabilities are only removed from the statements of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished via a discharge, cancellation or expiration.

4.13 Impairment of financial assets

The Group applies the simplified approach to measure expected credit loss ("ECL"). This entails recognising a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

Expected credit losses are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The estimate of expected cash shortfall shall reflect the cash flows expected from collateral and other credit enhancements that are part of the contractual terms. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate of the asset.

The Group considers credit loss experience and observable data such as current changes and futures forecasts in economic conditions of the Group's industry to the financial statements to estimate the amount of expected impairment loss. The methodology and assumptions including any forecasts of future economic conditions are reviewed regularly.

Impairment for trade receivables and contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component are recognised based on the simplified approach within MFRS 9 using the lifetime expected credit losses.

In measuring the expected credit losses on trade receivables, the probability of non-payment by the trade receivables is adjusted by forward looking information and multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the trade receivables. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such impairments are recorded in a separate impairment account with the loss being recognised in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable would not be collectible, the gross carrying value of the asset would be written off against the associated impairment.



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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

4.13 Impairment of financial assets Cont'd

Impairment for other receivables, equity loans and amounts owing by subsidiaries are recognised based on the general approach within MFRS 9 using the forward looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of the impairment is based on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset. For those in which the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve month expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised. For those in which credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with the gross interest income are recognised. At the end of the reporting period, the Group assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial assets by comparing the risk for default occurring over the expected life with the risk of default since initial recognition. For those that are determined to be credit impaired, lifetime expected credit losses along with interest income on a net basis are recognised. Credit impaired refers to any individually determined debtors who are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments to be impaired as at the end of the reporting period.

The probability of non-payment other receivables, equity loans and amounts owing by subsidiaries is adjusted by forward looking information and multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the twelve month or lifetime expected credit loss for the other receivables, equity loans and amounts owing by subsidiaries.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced through the use of an allowance for impairment loss account and the amount of impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. When a financial asset becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance for impairment loss account.

4.14 Employee benefits

(a) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, social security contributions, paid annual leave, paid sick leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed when employees rendered their services to the Group.

Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised as an expense when employees render services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur and they lapse if the current period's entitlement is not used in full and do not entitle employees to a cash payment for unused entitlement on leaving the Group.

Bonuses are recognised as an expense when there is a present, legal or constructive obligation to make such payments, as a result of past events and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

(b) Defined contribution plan

The Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in Malaysia make contributions to a statutory provident fund. The contributions are recognised as a liability after deducting any contributions already paid and as an expense in the period in which the employees render their services.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.15 Foreign currencies

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the entities of the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Foreign currency translations and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into functional currency at rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are translated into functional currency at rates of exchange ruling at that date. All exchange differences arising from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items initially denominated in foreign currencies, which are carried at historical cost, are translated using the historical rate as of the date of acquisition, and non-monetary items, which are carried at fair value are translated using the exchange rate that existed when the values were determined for presentation currency purposes.

4.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, and when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits would be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision would be discounted to its present value at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits would be required to settle the obligation, the provision would be reversed.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. If the Group has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation under the contract shall be recognised and measured as a provision.

4.17 Income taxes

Income taxes include all taxes on taxable profit. Taxes in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprise current tax and deferred tax.

(a) Current tax

Current tax expenses are determined according to the tax laws of the jurisdiction in which the Group operates and include all taxes based upon the taxable profits and real property gains taxes payable on disposal of properties, if any.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.17 Income taxes Cont'd

(b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in full using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position and its tax base.

Deferred tax is recognised for all temporary differences, unless the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit would be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. If it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit would be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilised, the carrying amount of the deferred tax asset would be reduced accordingly. When it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit would be available, such reductions would be reversed to the extent of the taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority on either:

- (i) the same taxable entity; or
- (ii) different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax would be recognised as income or expense and included in profit or loss for the period unless the tax relates to items that are credited or charged, in the same or different period, directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax would be charged or credited directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the announcement of tax rates and tax laws by the Government in the annual budgets which have the substantive effect of actual enactment by the end of each reporting period.

4.18 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence would be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group. The Group does not recognise a contingent asset but discloses its existence where the inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

In the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group under business combinations, contingent liabilities assumed are measured initially at their fair value at the acquisition date.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

The Group transfers control of a goods or service at a point in time unless one of the following over time criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable. The following describes the performance obligations in contracts with customers.

(a) Revenue from property development

Contracts with customers may include multiple promises to customers and therefore accounted for as separate performance obligations. In this case, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling prices. When these are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus margin.

Revenue from property development is measured at the fixed transaction price agreed under the agreement.

Revenue is recognised as and when control of the asset is transferred to the customer and it is probable that the Group would collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the asset that would be transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the asset may transfer over time or at a point in time. Control of the asset is transferred over time if the performance of the Group does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract using the input method by reference to the property development cost incurred up to the end of the reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for complete satisfaction of the contract. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

Significant judgement is required in determining the satisfaction of performance obligations as stated in the contracts with customers and transaction price allocation in applying the input method to recognise revenue over time.

The Group identifies performance obligations that are distinct and material, which is judgmental in the context of contract. Transaction prices were determined based on estimated margins prior to its allocation to the identified performance obligation. The Group also estimated total contract costs in applying the input method to recognise revenue over time.

There is no significant financing component in the revenue arising from property development as the contracts are on normal credit terms not exceeding twelve months.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.19 Revenue recognition Cont'd

(b) Completed properties

The Group recognises sales at a point in time for the sale of completed properties, when the control of the properties has been transferred to the purchasers, being when the properties have been completed and delivered to the customers and it is probable that the Group will collect the considerations to which it would be entitled to in exchange for the assets sold.

There is no significant financing component in the revenue arising from sale of completed properties as the sales are made on the normal credit terms not exceeding twelve months.

(c) Property maintenance and security service

Revenue from property maintenance and security service is recognised at a point in time when services have been rendered to the customer and coincides with the rendering of services and acceptance by customers.

Revenue not contracted with customers:

(a) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

- (b) Other income
 - (i) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

(ii) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight line basis over the lease term of an ongoing lease.

4.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is capitalised as part of the cost of the asset until when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are complete, after which such expense is charged to profit or loss. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. Capitalisation of borrowing cost is suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted.

The amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is the actual borrowing costs incurred on the borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investment of the borrowing.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.21 Operating segments

Operating segments are defined as components of the Group that:

- engages in business activities from which it could earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group);
- (b) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker of the Group in making decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assessing its performance; and
- (c) for which discrete financial information is available.

An operating segment may engage in business activities for which it has yet to earn revenues.

The Group reports separately information about each operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds:

- (a) Its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is ten percent (10%) or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments.
- (b) The absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is ten percent (10%) or more of the greater, in absolute amount of:
 - (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss; and
 - (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss.
- (c) Its assets are ten percent (10%) or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

Operating segments that do not meet any of the quantitative thresholds may be considered reportable, and separately disclosed, if the management believes that information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Total external revenue reported by operating segments shall constitute at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the revenue of the Group. Operating segments identified as reportable segments in the current financial year in accordance with the quantitative thresholds would result in a restatement of prior period segment data for comparative purposes.

4.22 Earnings per share

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares.

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

4.23 Fair value measurement

The fair value of an asset or a liability, except for lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

The Group measures the fair value of an asset or a liability by taking into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take these characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability. The Group has considered the following characteristics when determining fair value:

- (a) The condition and location of the asset; and
- (b) Restrictions, if any, on the sale or use of the asset.

The fair value measurement for a non-financial asset takes into account the ability of the market participant to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of a financial or non-financial liability or an entity's own equity instrument assumes that:

- (a) A liability would remain outstanding and the market participant transferee would be required to fulfil the obligation. The liability would not be settled with the counterparty or otherwise extinguished on the measurement date; and
- (b) An entity's own equity instrument would remain outstanding and the market participant transferee would take on the rights and responsibilities associated with the instrument. The instrument would not be cancelled or otherwise extinguished on the measurement date.

5. ADOPTION OF NEW MFRSs AND AMENDMENTS TO MFRSs

5.1 New MFRSs adopted during the financial year

The Group and the Company adopted the following Standards of the MFRS Framework that were issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") during the financial year.

Title Effective Date

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2 (Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16)

1 January 2021

Adoption of the above Amendments did not have any material effect on the financial performance or position of the Group and of the Company.

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5. ADOPTION OF NEW MFRSs AND AMENDMENTS TO MFRSs Cont'd

5.2 New MFRSs that have been issued, but only effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

The following are Standards and Amendments of the MFRS Framework that have been issued by the MASB but have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company:

Title	Effective Date
Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137 Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 101 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 – Comparative Information)	1 January 2023
Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements)	1 January 2023
Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors)	1 January 2023
Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to MFRS 112)	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred

The Group and the Company are in the process of assessing the impact of implementing these Standards and Amendments, since the effects would only be observable in future financial years.

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the management of the Group and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have a material impact to the Group's and the Company's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters. The estimates and assumptions that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below:

(a) Revenue recognition for property development

Revenue recognition for property development requires management to exercise significant judgement in determining the satisfaction of performance obligations as stated in the contracts with customers, and the Group also estimates total contract costs in applying the input method to recognise revenue over time.

(b) Recoverability of trade receivables

Recoverability of trade receivables requires management to exercise significant judgement in determining the probability of default by trade receivables and appropriate forward looking information.



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd



7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Depreciation charge for the financial year RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount				
Furniture and fittings	444	101	(130)	415
Office equipment	296	70	(90)	276
Renovation	900	121	(235)	786
Motor vehicles	10	9	(12)	7
Site equipment	2	2	<u>-</u>	4
	1,652	303	(467)	1,488

	[[]			
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount		
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Furniture and fittings	1,298	(883)	415		
Office equipment	1,994	(1,718)	276		
Renovation	2,482	(1,696)	786		
Motor vehicles	4,637	(4,630)	7		
Site equipment	25	(21)	4		
	10,436	(8,948)	1,488		

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2020 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Depreciation charge for the financial year RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying amount				
Furniture and fittings	567	33	(156)	444
Office equipment	426	58	(188)	296
Renovation	947	210	(257)	900
Motor vehicles	21	-	(11)	10
Site equipment	<u>-</u>	2	-	2
	1,961	303	(612)	1,652



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd



7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Cont'd

	[]				
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying amount		
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Furniture and fittings	1,197	(753)	444		
Office equipment	1,924	(1,628)	296		
Renovation	2,361	(1,461)	900		
Motor vehicles	4,634	(4,624)	10		
Site equipment	23	(21)	2		
	10,139	(8,487)	1,652		

Company	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Depreciation charge for the financial year RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount			
Furniture and fittings	12	(4)	8
Office equipment	7	(2)	5
Renovation	29	(8)	21
	48	(14)	34

	[At 30.11.2022]				
Company	Cost RM'000	Accumulated depreciation RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000		
Furniture and fittings	54	(46)	8		
Office equipment	258	(253)	5		
Renovation	224	(203)	21		
Motor vehicles	361	(361)	-		
	897	(863)	34		

Company	Balance as at 1.12.2020 RM'000	Depreciation charge for the financial year RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying amount			
Furniture and fittings	16	(4)	12
Office equipment	8	(1)	7
Renovation	38	(9)	29
	62	(14)	48



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Cont'd

	[[At 30.11.2021]			
Company	Cost RM'000	Accumulated depreciation RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000		
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_,	(40)	40		
Furniture and fittings	54	(42)	12		
Office equipment	258	(251)	7		
Renovation	224	(195)	29		
Motor vehicles	361	(361)	-		
	897	(849)	48		

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group and the Company as lessee

(a) Right-of-use assets

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Depreciation RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount				
Buildings	778	-	(442)	336
Motor vehicles	943	386	(334)	995
	1,721	386	(776)	1,331

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2020 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Lease reassessment RM'000	Depreciation RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying amount					
Buildings	1,323	-	(77)	(468)	778
Motor vehicles	688	696		(441)	943
	0.044	000	(77)	(000)	4.704
	2,011	696	(77)	(909)	1,721



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8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES cont'd

The Group and the Company as lessee Cont'd

(a) Right-of-use assets Cont'd

Company	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Depreciation RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount			
Buildings	278	(186)	92

Company	Balance as at 1.12.2020 RM'000	Lease reassessment RM'000	Depreciation RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying amount				
Buildings	513	(27)	(208)	278

(b) Lease liabilities

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Lease payments RM'000	Rent concessions RM'000	Interest expense RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount						
Buildings	843	_	(494)	(5)	34	378
Motor vehicles	797	342	(420)	-	25	744
	1,640	342	(914)	(5)	59	1,122



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES cont'd

The Group and the Company as lessee Cont'd

(b) Lease liabilities Cont'd

Buildings

535

	Balance as at 1.12.2020	Additions			nts conces	ssions	Interest expense	Balance as at 30.11.2021
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'0	00 RM'	000	RM'000	RM'000
Carrying amount								
Buildings	1,380	_	(77) (48	35)	(36)	61	843
Motor	,,,,,,		(* *	, (13		()		
vehicles	639	590	-	(47	' 2)	-	40	797
	2,019	590	(77) (95	57)	(36)	101	1,640
Company		1	.12.2021 pa	Lease lyments RM'000	Rent concessio RM'000		Interest expense RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying an	nount							
Buildings		_	300	(203)		(5)	11	103
Company	1	Balance as at .12.2020 RM'000	Lease reassessment RM'000	Lease payment RM'000		sions	Interest expense RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying an	nount							

(27)

(221)

(10)

23

300



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8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES cont'd

The Group and the Company as lessee Cont'd

(b) Lease liabilities Cont'd

Represented by:	Group		Company		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Current liabilities	800	862	95	197	
Non-current liabilities	322	778	8	103	
	1,122	1,640	103	300	
Lease liabilities:					
- owing to financial institutions	744	797	-	-	
- owing to non-financial institutions	378	843	103	300	
	1,122	1,640	103	300	

(c) The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

	Gro	oup	Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Included in finance costs:				
- Interest expense	59	101	11	23
Included in administrative expenses:				
- Depreciation	776	909	186	208
- Rental reduction arising from				
COVID-19 related rent concessions	(5)	(36)	(5)	(10)
- Expense relating to short-term leases	22	-	22	-
	852	974	214	221

(d) During the financial year, the Group made the following cash payments on right-of-use assets:

	Gro	oup
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Addition of right-of-use assets Lease liabilities financed by lease arrangement	386 (342)	696 (590)
Cash payments on right-of-use assets	44	106

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8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES Cont'd

The Group and the Company as lessee Cont'd

- (e) The Group leases several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. Management exercises judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.
- (f) There are no undiscounted potential future rental payments that are not included in the lease term as at the end of each reporting period.
- (g) Weighted average incremental borrowing rate of the lease liabilities of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the reporting period is 4.83% and 5.82% (2021: 5.05% and 5.82%) respectively.
- (h) During the financial year, total cash outflows recognised in profit or loss and in statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for leases amounted to RM980,000 and RM225,000 (2021: RM1,164,000 and RM244,000).

9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Group	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
At beginning of financial year	54,684	49,247
Transferred from inventories	1,863	6,399
Fair value gain adjustments on inventories transferred	4,596	6,816
Fair value losses adjustments	(204)	(183)
Disposals	(17,321)	(7,595)
At end of financial year	43,618	54,684

(a) The following are recognised in profit or loss:

	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Lease income	857	568
Direct operating expenses: - income generating investment properties	129	124

(b) The operating lease payments to be received are as follows:

	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Less than one year One to two years	475 48	673 134
Total undiscounted lease payments	523	807



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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9. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES Cont'd

(c) The fair value of investment properties of the Group are categorised as follows:

Group	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
2022 Commercial properties	-	_	43,618	43,618
2021 Commercial properties	-	_	54,684	54,684

- (i) There were no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements during the financial years ended 30 November 2022 and 30 November 2021.
- (ii) The fair value of investment properties at Level 3 are referenced to previous sales of similar properties in the vicinity on a price per square feet basis or by independent valuers using comparison method on selective properties. Any changes in the price per square feet would result in a reasonable change in the fair value of the investment properties.

The unobservable valuation inputs used in the comparison method are as follows:

	2022	2021
Price per square foot for commercial properties	RM640 to	RM640 to
(The estimated fair value would increase/decrease if the price	RM1,029 per	RM978 per
per square foot is higher/lower)	square foot	square foot

(iii) As at 30 November 2022, the carrying amount of the investment properties of the Group of RM42,518,000 (2021: RM38,284,082) have been pledged to financial institutions for borrowings granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

10. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Com	Company		
	2022	2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	10,040	10,040		
Less: Impairment loss	(463)	(450)		
	9,577	9,590		
Equity loan	139,000	139,000		
	148,577	148,590		

(a) The Directors of the Company have reassessed the nature of the amounts owing by subsidiaries and determined that total outstanding balance amounting to RM139,000,000 (2021: RM139,000,000) shall constitute an equity loan to subsidiaries as these amounts are unsecured, interest free and settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future and are considered to be part of the investment of the Company providing the subsidiaries with a long term source of additional capital. No expected credit loss is recognised as it is negligible.



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd



10. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES Cont'd

(b) Reconciliation of movements in impairment on investments in subsidiaries are as follows:

	Com	Company		
	2022	2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
At beginning of the financial year	450	282		
Written off during the financial year	-	(282)		
Charge for the financial year	13	450		
At end of the financial year	463	450		

Current year additional impairment loss on investments in subsidiary relating to Country View Land Sdn. Bhd. has been recognised due to declining operations.

In the previous financial year, impairment losses on investments in subsidiaries were relating to Country View Land Sdn. Bhd. and Country View Property Management Sdn. Bhd..

(c) The details of the subsidiaries, which are all incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

	Effective interest in equity		
Name of company	2022	2021	Principal activities
Country View Resources Sdn. Bhd. ('CVR')#	100%	100%	Property development
Country View Property Management Sdn. Bhd.('CVPM')#	100%	100%	Property management
Country View Properties Sdn. Bhd. ('CVP')#	100%	100%	Property development
Country View Greens Sdn. Bhd. ('CVG')#	100%	100%	Dormant
Country View Land Sdn. Bhd. ('CVL')#	100%	100%	Dormant

[#] Subsidiaries audited by BDO PLT Malaysia.

11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

(a) The deferred tax assets and liabilities are made up of the following:

	Group		
	2022	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
At beginning of the financial year	946	1,226	
Recognised in profit or loss (Note 26)	(87)	(280)	
At end of the financial year (presented after appropriate offsetting)	859	946	



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS Cont'd

(b) The components and movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Group during the financial year prior to offsetting are as follows:

	Property, plant and equipment RM'000	Other deductible temporary differences RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 December 2021 Recognised in profit or loss	(49) (40)	995 (47)	946 (87)
At 30 November 2022	(89)	948	859
At 1 December 2020 Recognised in profit or loss	(62) 13	1,288 (293)	1,226 (280)
At 30 November 2021	(49)	995	946

(c) The amounts of temporary differences for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised in the statements of financial position are as follows:

	Group		Com	pany
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unused tax losses				
- Expires by 30 November 2028	15,036	15,101	13,157	13,157
- Expires by 30 November 2029	322	322	-	-
- Expires by 30 November 2030	493	493	425	425
- Expires by 30 November 2031	435	435	390	390
- Expires by 30 November 2032	396	-	381	-
No expiry date				
- Unabsorbed capital allowances	86	88	86	88
- Accrued liabilities		101		67
	16,768	16,540	14,439	14,127

Deferred tax assets of the Company and certain subsidiaries have not been recognised in respect of these items as it is not probable that taxable profits of these subsidiaries would be available against which the deductible temporary differences could be utilised.



12. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current		
Land held for property development (Note 13)	54,650	461,511
Current		
Completed properties held for sale, at cost	35,471	52,606
Property development costs (Note 14)	484,998	58,102
	520,469	110,708

Certain completed properties held for sale of the Group amounting to RM25,186,000 (2021: RM8,227,000) have been pledged to financial institutions as security for facilities granted to the Group and the Company as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

13. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2021 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Transfer to property development cost (Note 14) RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2022 RM'000
Carrying amount				
Freehold land, at cost	331,604	1,926	(333,530)	-
Leasehold land, at cost	53,698	-	-	53,698
Development costs	76,209	10,787	(86,044)	952
	461,511	12,713	(419,574)	54,650

Group	Balance as at 1.12.2020 RM'000	Additions RM'000	Balance as at 30.11.2021 RM'000
Carrying amount			
Carrying amount			
Freehold land, at cost	331,604	-	331,604
Leasehold land, at cost	53,698	-	53,698
Development costs	52,546	23,663	76,209
	437,848	23,663	461,511

⁽a) As at 30 November 2022, the carrying amount of the land held for property development of the Group of Nil (2021: RM407,090,361) have been pledged to financial institutions for borrowings granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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13. LAND HELD FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT Cont'd

(b) Included in the land held for property development are the following charges incurred during the financial year:

	Gro	Group	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	
Interest expense	2,234	8,987	

Interest is capitalised in land held for property development for projects not available for its intended sale at rates ranging from 4.80% to 6.09% (2021: 4.83% to 5.23%) per annum.

14. PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Group	Freehold land, at cost RM'000	Development costs RM'000	Total RM'000
D	.		
Balance as at 1 December 2021	24,485	33,617	58,102
Transfer from land held for property development (Note 13)	333,530	86,044	419,574
Cost incurred during the financial year	-	46,251	46,251
Recognised during the financial year	(9,577)	(27,663)	(37,240)
Transfer to completed properties held for sale	(151)	(1,538)	(1,689)
Balance as at 30 November 2022	348,287	136,711	484,998
Balance as at 1 December 2020	25,991	40,945	66,936
Cost incurred during the financial year	-	16,683	16,683
Recognised during the financial year	(1,162)	(18,347)	(19,509)
Transfer to completed properties held for sale	(344)	(5,664)	(6,008)
Balance as at 30 November 2021	24,485	33,617	58,102

⁽a) Freehold land under development have been charged to financial institutions for credit facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements.

⁽b) Included in the property development costs is interest capitalised for projects not ready for its intended sale during the financial year amounting to RM6,214,158 at rates ranging from 4.80% to 6.60% (2021: Nil).

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15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Comp	oany
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Trade receivables				
Third parties	8,002	14,321	-	-
Other receivables				
Amounts owing by subsidiaries	-	-	5,192	11,932
Other receivables	242	232	13	13
Deposits	1,342	1,318	200	200
	1,584	1,550	5,405	12,145
Less: Impairment losses on amounts owing				
by subsidiaries			(970)	(1,150)
	1,584	1,550	4,435	10,995
	9,586	15,871	4,435	10,995
Prepayments	173	213	11	12
	9,759	16,084	4,446	11,007

- (a) The normal credit terms of the trade receivables granted by the Group range from 14 days to 90 days (2021: 14 days to 90 days). They are recognised at their original invoiced amounts, which represent their fair value on initial recognition.
- (b) Amounts owing by subsidiaries represent advances and payments made on behalf, which are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within the next twelve (12) months.
- (c) Trade and other receivables are denominated in RM.
- (d) Impairment for trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are recognised based on the simplified approach using the lifetime expected credit losses. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience over past year.

During this process, the probability of non-payment by the trade receivables is adjusted by forward looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of customers to settle the receivables and multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the trade receivables. Nevertheless, the Group and the Company believes that these factors are immaterial for the purpose of impairment calculation for the year.

It requires management to exercise judgement in determining the probability of default by trade receivables and appropriate forward looking information.



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES Cont'd

(e) Lifetime expected loss provision for trade receivables of the Group are as follows:

	Gross carrying amount RM'000	Lifetime ECL allowance RM'000	Net carrying amount RM'000
As at 30 November 2022			
Not past due	3,319	-	3,319
Past due:			
Below 30 days	2,031	-	2,031
31 days to 60 days	1,164	-	1,164
More than 60 days	1,488	-	1,488
	4,683		4,683
	8,002		8,002
As at 30 November 2021			
Not past due	10,458	-	10,458
Past due:			
Below 30 days	431	_	431
31 days to 60 days	1,151	-	1,151
More than 60 days	2,281	-	2,281
		,	
	3,863	<u> </u>	3,863
	14,321	<u> </u>	14,321

No expected credit loss is recognised arising from trade receivables as it is negligible.

None of the trade receivables of the Group that are past due but not impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year. These receivables are not secured by any collateral.



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15. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES cont'd

(f) Impairment for other receivables and amounts owing by subsidiaries are recognised based on the general approach within MFRS 9 using the forward looking expected credit loss model. The Group and the Company defined significant increase in credit risk when there is changes in contractual terms and delay in payment from its other receivables. No expected credit loss is recognised arising from other receivables as it is negligible.

The reconciliation of movements in the impairment losses on amounts owing by subsidiaries are as follows:

	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired
	RM'000
Company	
At 1 December 2021	1,150
Reversal during the financial year	(180)
At 30 November 2022	970
At 1 December 2020	3,762
Written off during the financial year	(2,765)
Charge for the financial year	153
At 30 November 2021	1,150

Other receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the end of the reporting period relate to those debtors that exhibit significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

(g) Information on financial risks of trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.

16. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Gr	oup
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Contract assets		
Property development contracts	36,825	-
Contract liabilities		
Property development contracts		(30)
	36,825	(30)



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd



16. CONTRACT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) Cont'd

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 December	(30)	5,879
Revenue recognised during the financial year	80,646	67,594
Progress billings	(43,791)	(73,503)
At 30 November	36,825	(30)

Contract value yet to be recognised as revenue:

Revenue expected to be recognised in the future relating to performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) at the end of the reporting period, are as follows:

	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Within 1 year	58,163	1,800
More than one year	18,751	
	76,914	1,800

17. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances	7,166	20,317	102	71

- (a) Included in the Group's and the Company's cash and bank balances are RM2,061,000 (2021: RM15,734,000) and RM1,000 (2021: RM1,000) respectively held under the Housing Development Account pursuant to the Housing Developers (Housing Development Account) (Amendment), Regulations, 2002, which are not available for general use by the Group and the Company.
- (b) The currency exposure profile of cash and bank balances is as follows:

	Gr	Group		pany
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	7,165	20,315	102	71
Singapore Dollar	1	2		
	7,166	20,317	102	71



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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17. CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cont'd

(c) For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following as at the end of each reporting period:

	Gr	Group		oany
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Cash and bank balances Less: Bank overdrafts included in	7,166	20,317	102	71
borrowings (Note 19)	(12,182)	(11,900)	(1,794)	(1,554)
	(5,016)	8,417	(1,692)	(1,483)

- (d) No expected credit losses are recognised arising from the deposits with financial institutions because the probability of default by these financial institutions is negligible.
- (e) Information on financial risks of cash and bank balances is disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.

18. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company			
	2022		202	21
	Number of shares		Number of shares	
	'000	RM'000	'000	RM'000
Issued and fully paid up ordinary shares with no par value				
At beginning/end of financial year	100,000	100,124	100,000	100,124

The owners of the parent are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company and are entitled to one (1) vote per ordinary share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank pari passu with regard to the residual assets of the Company.

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19. BORROWINGS

	Gr	oup	Com	pany
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ourse and the letter of				
Current liabilities	10.100	44.000	4.704	4.554
Bank overdrafts	12,182	11,900	1,794	1,554
Revolving credits	5,000	-	-	-
Term loans	19,693	9,281		
	36,875	21,181	1,794	1,554
Non-current liabilities				
Revolving credits	36,313	22,000	-	-
Term loans	136,000	161,016	-	-
	172,313	183,016	-	_
Total borrowings				
Bank overdrafts (Note 17)	12,182	11,900	1,794	1,554
Revolving credits	41,313	22,000	, -	-
Term loans	155,693	170,297	_	_
	209,188	204,197	1,794	1,554
				1,004

- (a) Borrowings are denominated in RM.
- (b) Bank overdrafts of the Group and of the Company were secured by the following:
 - (i) Legal charges over certain units of the investment properties (Note 9) and certain completed properties held for sale (Note 12) of the Group; and
 - (ii) Guaranteed by the Company.
- (c) Revolving credits of the Group are secured by the following:
 - (i) Legal charges over property development costs (Note 14) and certain completed properties held for sale (Note 12) of the Group; and
 - (ii) Guaranteed by the Company.
- (d) Term loans of the Group are secured by:
 - (i) Legal charges over certain units of investment properties (Note 9); certain completed properties held for sale (Note 12) and property development costs (Note 14) of the Group;
 - (ii) Debentures by way of fixed and floating charges over the present and future assets of a subsidiary in relation to a project; and
 - (iii) Guaranteed by the Company.
- (e) Information on financial risks of borrowings and its remaining maturity is disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.



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20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Trade payables				
Third parties	36,552	37,192	-	-
Other payables				
Amounts owing to a subsidiary	-	-	2,052	2,057
Other payables	6,236	6,064	65	125
Accruals	12,076	3,327	408	653
	18,312	9,391	2,525	2,835
	54,864	46,583	2,525	2,835

- (a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and the normal trade credit terms granted to the Group and the Company range from one (1) month to three (3) months (2021: one (1) month to three (3) months).
- (b) Amounts owing to a subsidiary represents advances and payments made on behalf, which are unsecured, interest-free and payable upon demand.
- (c) Included in trade payables of the Group are retention monies of RM7,931,000 (2021: RM7,318,000).
- (d) Trade and other payables are denominated in RM.
- (e) Information on financial risks of trade and other payables is disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

	Com	pany
	2022	2021 RM'000
	RM'000	
<u>Secured</u>		
Corporate guarantees given to a licensed bank for		
banking facilities granted to a subsidiary ^^		
- Limit of guarantee	350,750	343,500
- Amount utilised	214,646	205,947

^{^^} The Directors are of the view that the probability of the subsidiary defaulting on the banking facilities and the chances of the financial institutions to call upon the corporate guarantees are remote. Accordingly, the fair value of the corporate guarantees given to the subsidiary is negligible.



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22. REVENUE

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Revenue from contracts with customers				
Recognised over time:				
Property development	55,169	31,231	-	-
Recognised at point in time:				
Sales of completed properties	25,477	36,363	-	22
Others	671	537		
	81,317	68,131		22

23. COST OF SALES

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property development costs	37,240	19,509	-	-
Sales of completed properties	19,098	27,331	<u> </u>	24
	56,338	46,840		24

24. FINANCE COSTS

	Gr	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Interest expenses on:					
- bank overdrafts	928	870	110	103	
- lease liabilities	59	101	11	23	
- revolving credits	1,660	1,351	-	-	
- term loans	1,026	206		-	
	3,673	2,528	121	126	



30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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25. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following amounts have been included in arriving at profit/(loss) before tax:

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit before tax is arrived at after charging:				
Auditors' remuneration				
- statutory audit	133	103	60	42
Loss on disposal of investment properties	863	102	-	-
And crediting:				
Interest income	206	232	-	-
Rental income	857	568	-	-
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	1	41		4

26. TAX EXPENSE

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000
Current tax expense		
- current year	995	2,812
- prior years	12	287
	1,007	3,099
Deferred tax (Note 11)		
- current year	87	280
	1,094	3,379

⁽a) The Malaysian income tax is calculated at the statutory rate of twenty-four percent (24%) (2021: 24%) of the estimated taxable profits for the fiscal year.



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26. TAX EXPENSE Cont'd

(b) The numerical reconciliation between the tax expense and the product of accounting profit/(loss) multiplied by the applicable tax rate of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit/(Loss) before tax	4,132	9,993	(478)	(894)
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%)	992	2,398	(115)	(215)
Non-allowable expenses	1,053	833	40	262
Non-taxable income Deferred tax assets not recognised/ (Utilisation of deferred tax assets not	(1,019)	(1)	-	-
recognised previously)	56	(138)	75	(47)
	1,082	3,092	-	-
Under provision in prior years				
- current tax	12	287	-	
	1,094	3,379		

27. EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per ordinary share for the financial year is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

	Group	
	2022	2021
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent (RM'000)	3,038	6,614
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	100,000	100,000
Basic (sen)	3.04	6.61

(b) Diluted

The diluted earnings per share of the Group for the financial years 2022 and 2021 are same as the basic earnings per ordinary share of the Group as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

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28. DIVIDENDS

	Group and Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
In respect of financial year ended 30 November 2022:		
First interim single tier dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share, paid on 26 September 2022	3,000	-
In respect of financial year ended 30 November 2021:		
Second interim single tier dividend of 3 sen per ordinary share, paid on 25 March 2022	3,000	-
First interim single tier dividend of 2 sen per ordinary share, paid on 7 July 2021		2,000
	6,000	2,000

On 19 January 2023, the Board of Directors declared a second interim single tier dividend of 4 sen per ordinary share amounting to RM4,000,000 in respect of the financial year ended 30 November 2022. The dividend was paid on 17 February 2023 to shareholders. The dividend will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 30 November 2023.

The Directors do not recommend any payment of final dividend in respect of the current financial year ended 30 November 2022.

29. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Wages and salaries	8,101	7,250	2,037	1,520
Contributions to defined contribution plan	841	826	141	141
Social security contribution	70	68	2	2
Other benefits	90	212	83	77
	9,102	8,356	2,263	1,740

Included in the employee benefits of the Group and of the Company are Executive Directors' remuneration of RM1,515,000 (2021: RM1,508,000) as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.



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30. DIRECTORS' AND KEY MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION

	Gr	oup	Company	
	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Executive Directors:				
- salaries and other emoluments	1,515	1,508	1,515	1,508
- benefit-in-kind	61	58	26	23
- Directors' fees	-	80	-	80
	1,576	1,646	1,541	1,611
Non-Executive Directors' fees	270	270	270	270
Directors' of the Company	1,846	1,916	1,811	1,881
Other members of key management:				
- salaries and other emoluments	694	697	694	697
- other benefits	38	39	1	1
	732	736	695	698
	2,578	2,652	2,506	2,579

31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Identities of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties could be individuals or other entities.

Related parties of the Group include:

- (i) Direct subsidiaries of the Group; and
- (ii) Key management personnel are defined as those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include the Executive Directors of the Group.
- (b) In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company had the following transactions with related parties during the financial year:

Company		
2022	2021	
RM'000	RM'000	

Transactions with subsidiary

Management services charges

2,676 2,775

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31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES cont'd

(c) The related party transactions described above were carried out on mutually agreed and negotiated terms.

Material balances with related parties as at the end of the reporting year are disclosed in Notes 15 and 20 to the financial statements.

(d) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly and indirectly, including any Director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Group.

The remuneration of Directors and key management personnel are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

32. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group adopts business segments analysis as its primary reporting format. No geographical segment analysis is reported as the Group only operates in Malaysia. Inter-segment pricing is determined based on terms mutually agreed between the respective companies. Segment revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items mainly comprise current tax assets, current tax liabilities, deferred tax assets and liabilities. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one period.

The chief operating decision-maker reviews the resource allocation and performance evaluation at least on a quarterly basis.

The Group's major business segments are as follows:

- (a) Property development
 - Development of residential and commercial properties; and
- (b) Investment holding
 - Investing in subsidiaries which are long term in nature.

The accounting policies of operating segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.



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32. OPERATING SEGMENTS Cont'd

Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit, excluding non-recurring losses, and in certain respect as explained in the table below, it is measured differently from operating profit in the consolidated financial statements.

2022	Property development RM'000	Investment holding RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Total revenue	80,646	_	905	81,551
Inter-segment revenue	· •	-	(234)	(234)
Revenue from external customers	80,646	<u>-</u>	671	81,317
Interest income	198	_	8	206
Finance costs	(3,552)	(121)	-	(3,673)
Net finance expense	(3,354)	(121)	8	(3,467)
Other non-cash items:				
Depreciation of:				
- Plant and equipment	454	13	-	467
- Right-of-use assets	589	187	-	776
Net fair value gain on investment				
properties	4,392	-	-	4,392
Segment profit/(loss) before tax	4,684	(478)	94	4,300
Tax expense	(1,092)	-	(2)	(1,094)
Additions to non-current assets:				
- Plant and equipment	303	-	-	303
- Right-of-use assets	386	-	-	386
- Investment properties	6,459	-	-	6,459
- Inventories - Land held for property				
development	12,713	-	-	12,713
Segment assets	674,776	452	78	675,306
Segment liabilities	262,744	2,371	59	265,174



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32. OPERATING SEGMENTS Cont'd

2021	Property development RM'000	Investment holding RM'000	Others RM'000	Total RM'000
Total revenue	67,572	22	763	68,357
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	(226)	(226)
Revenue from external customers	67,572	22	537	68,131
Interest income	227	-	5	232
Finance costs	(2,402)	(126)	-	(2,528)
Net finance expense	(2,175)	(126)	5	(2,296)
Other non-cash items:				
Depreciation of:				
- Plant and equipment	598	14	-	612
- Right-of-use assets	701	208	-	909
Fair value gain adjustments on	(07)	(4)		(44)
inventories transferred	(37)	(4)	-	(41)
Fair value losses adjustments	(6,633)	-	-	(6,633)
Segment profit/(loss) before tax	10,431	(894)	(16)	9,521
Tax expense	(3,379)	-	-	(3,379)
Additions to non-current assets:				
- Plant and equipment	303	-	-	303
- Right-of-use assets	696	-	-	696
- Investment properties	13,215	-	-	13,215
- Inventories - Land held for property				
development	23,663	-	-	23,663
Segment assets	665,757	624	296	666,677
Segment liabilities	249,648	2,633	169	252,450



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32. OPERATING SEGMENTS cont'd

Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities to the corresponding amounts of the Group are as follows:

	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Profit for the financial year		
Total profit for reportable segments Elimination of inter-segment gain and loss	4,300 (168)	9,521 472
Profit before taxation	4,132	9,993
Tax expense	(1,094)	(3,379)
Profit for the financial year	3,038	6,614
Assets		
Total assets for reportable segments Tax assets	675,306 1,980	666,677 961
Assets of the Group per consolidated statement of financial position	677,286	667,638
Liabilities		
Total liabilities for reportable segments Tax liabilities	265,174 2	252,450 116
Liabilities of the Group per consolidated statement of financial position	265,176	252,566

- (a) The Group operates predominantly in Malaysia and hence, no geographical segment is presented.
- (b) There are no major customers with revenue equal or more than ten per centum (10%) of the revenue of the Group.

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.



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33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Cont'd

(a) Capital management Cont'd

The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio. The gearing ratio as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		Group		Company	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Borrowings (excluding lease liabilities owing to					
financial institutions)	19	209,188	204,197	1,794	1,554
Equity attributable to owners					
of the Parent		412,110	415,072	148,842	155,320
Gearing ratio		51%	49%	1%	1%
Ocaring ratio		J 1 /0		1 /0	1 /0

Pursuant to the requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, the Group is required to maintain a consolidated shareholders' equity more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) and such shareholders' equity is not less than RM40.0 million. The Company has complied with this requirement for the financial year ended 30 November 2022.

(b) Financial instruments

Categories of financial instruments

Group	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Financial assets		
Amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables, net of prepayments	9,586	15,871
Cash and bank balances	7,166	20,317
	16,752	36,188
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	54,864	46,583
Borrowings	209,188	204,197
	264,052	250,780

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33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS Cont'd

(b) Financial instruments Cont'd

Categories of financial instruments Cont'd

Company	2022 RM'000	2021 RM'000
Financial assets		
Amortised cost		
Other receivables, net of prepayments	4,435	10,995
Cash and bank balances	102	71
	4,537	11,066
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	2,525	2,835
Borrowings	1,794	1,554
	4,319	4,389

(c) Methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

<u>Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value</u>

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities, such as trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and floating rate borrowings, are reasonable approximation of fair value, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of the current position of loans and borrowings are reasonable approximation of fair value due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

(d) Fair value hierarchy

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company have no financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value and hence fair value hierarchy is not presented.



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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's financial risk management objective is to optimise value creation for shareholders whilst minimising the potential adverse impact arising from fluctuations in interest rates and the unpredictability of the financial markets.

The Group operates within an established risk management framework and clearly defined guidelines that are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors. Financial risk management is carried out through risk review programmes, internal control systems, insurance programmes and adherence to the Group financial risk management policies. The Group is exposed mainly to credit risk, liquidity and cash flow risk as well as interest rate risk. Information on the management of the related exposures is detailed below.

(a) Credit risk

Cash deposits and trade receivables may give rise to credit risk which requires the loss to be recognised if a counter party fails to perform as contracted. It is the Group's policy to monitor the financial standing of these counter parties on an ongoing basis to ensure that the Group is exposed to minimal credit risk.

The Group's exposure to credit risk arises through its trade receivables. The Group extends credit to its customers based upon evaluation of the customer's creditworthiness. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via the Group's management reporting procedures. If necessary, the Group may obtain collaterals/assignments as a mean of mitigating the risk of default.

Exposure to credit risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

Information regarding credit exposure for trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Credit risk concentration profile

The Group and the Company determine concentration of credit risk by identifying and monitoring any significant long outstanding balance owing by any major customer or counter party on an on-going basis.

The Group and the Company do not have any significant concentration of credit risk as at the end of the reporting period.

(b) Liquidity and cash flow risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to service its cash obligations in the future. To mitigate this risk, the management measures and forecasts its cash commitments, monitors and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents and credit facilities deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and development activities.



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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

(b) Liquidity and cash flow risk Cont'd

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	Within 1 year RM'000	1 - 5 years RM'000	More than 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
As at 30 November 2022				
Financial liabilities				
Group	E4 004			E4 004
Trade and other payables	54,864 45,820	150 440	- 22,000	54,864 227,260
Borrowings Lease liabilities	45,620 831	159,440 333	22,000	1,164
Lease nabilities				1,104
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	101,515	159,773	22,000	283,288
Company				
Trade and other payables	2,525	_	_	2,525
Borrowings	1,794	-	-	1,794
Lease liabilities	98	8	-	106
Financial guarantees*	350,750	-	-	350,750
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	355,167	8	-	355,175
As at 30 November 2021				
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Trade and other payables	46,583	-	-	46,583
Borrowings	31,009	176,272	22,000	229,281
Lease liabilities	911	795	-	1,706
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	78,503	177,067	22,000	277,570
Company				
Trade and other payables	2,835	-	-	2,835
Borrowings	1,554	-	-	1,554
Lease liabilities	200	103	-	303
Financial guarantees*	343,500	-		343,500
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	348,089	103		348,192

^{*} This disclosure represents the maximum liquidity risk exposure.



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34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES Cont'd

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to their interest-bearing borrowings on floating rates. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge this risk.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity analysis of the Group and the Company if interest rates at the end of each reporting period changed by one hundred (100) basis points with all other variables held constant:

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit after tax				
- Increase by 1% (2021: 1%)	(1,590)	(1,552)	(14)	(12)
- Decrease by 1% (2021: 1%)	1,590	1,552	14	12

The sensitivity for the Group is higher in 2022 than in 2021 because of increase in outstanding borrowings during the financial year. The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on current observable market environment.

30 NOVEMBER 2022 Cont'd

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The following table sets out the carrying amounts, the weighted average effective interest rate as at the end of the reporting period and the remaining maturities of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments that are exposed to interest rate risk:

		Weighted average	Within	1.0	6-0	۶. ۲.	4	More the	
2022	Note	interest rate	1 year RM'000	years RM'000	years RM'000	years RM'000	years RM'000	5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Group									
Floating rates									
Bank overdrafts	19	69.7	(12,182)		•	•	•	•	(12,182)
Revolving credits	19	6.43	(2,000)	•	(1,600)	(10,913)	(1,800)	(22,000)	(41,313)
Term loans	19	5.82	(19,693)	(64,000)	(72,000)	•	•		(155,693)
Company									
Floating rates									
Bank overdrafts	19	7.95	(1,794)	•	•	•	•	•	(1,794)
2021									
Group									
Floating rates									
Bank overdrafts	19	7.24	(11,900)	•	•	•	•	•	(11,900)
Revolving credits	19	6.15		1	1	1	1	(22,000)	(22,000)
Term loans	19	4.97	(9,281)	(32,751)	(64,000)	(64,265)	•	1	(170,297)
Company Floating rates									
Bank overdrafts	19	09.9	(1,554)	•	•	•	•	•	(1,554)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES Cont'd

Interest rate risk Cont'd

(C)



Analysis of Shareholdings

As At 28 February 2023

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The total number of issued shares of the Company stands at 100,000,000 ordinary shares, with voting right of one vote per ordinary share.

Distribution of Shareholders

No. of Holders	Size of the Shareholdings	Total Holdings	%
9	Less than 100	248	0.0002
545	100 to 1,000	384,805	0.3848
391	1,001 to 10,000	1,666,207	1.6662
126	10,001 to 100,000	3,520,500	3.5205
38	100,001 to less than 5% of issued shares	43,035,454	43.0355
5	5% and above of issued shares	51,392,786	51.3928
1,114	Total	100,000,000	100

List of Thirty Largest Shareholders as at 28 February 2023

(As per Record of Depositors)

No.	Name of Holders	No. of Shares	%
1	AMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account – AMBank (M) Berhad for Law Kit Tat	17,507,800	17.5078
2.	Jalur Bahagia Sdn. Bhd.	9,350,000	9.3500
3.	Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean	8,908,736	8.9087
4.	Hang Ah Jee @ Hung Ah Jee	8,796,250	8.7963
5.	Neoasas Teknik Sdn. Bhd.	6,830,000	6.8300
6.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. exempt AN for UOB Kay Hian PTE LTD (A/C Client)	4,921,600	4.9216
7.	UOB Kay Hian Nominees (Asing) Sdn. Bhd. exempt AN for UOB Kay Hian PTE LTD (A/C Client)	3,761,900	3.7619
8.	Law Kee Kong	3,000,000	3.0000
9.	Jimmy Purwonegoro	2,571,200	2.5712
10.	Wong Joon Chin	2,150,000	2.1500
11.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account for Law Kit Tat	2,000,000	2.0000
12.	Lau Eng @ Lam Eng	1,957,000	1.9570
13.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account for Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean	1,700,000	1.7000
14.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account for Law Kit Tat	1,650,000	1.6500
15.	Mohd Adnan Bin Mohd Nor	1,650,000	1.6500
16.	Lee Hin Meng @ Lee Sing Lee	1,630,000	1.6300
17.	Lau Chiao Yi, Denise	1,500,000	1.5000
18.	Lau Wei Jun	1,500,000	1.5000
19.	Lai Boo Luck	1,340,000	1.3400
20.	Syarikat Ajaib Jaya Sdn. Bhd.	1,200,000	1.2000
21.	Yee Jun Chen	1,110,000	1.1100
22.	Yee Gee Min	1,070,014	1.0700
23.	Lim Ming Lang @ Lim Ming Ann	942,100	0.9421
24.	Law Kit Tat	850,000	0.8500



Analysis of Shareholdings

As At 28 February 2023 Cont'd

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List of Thirty Largest Shareholders as at 28 February 2023 Cont'd (As per Record of Depositors)

No.	Name of Holders	No. of Shares	%
25.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account for Lee Kin Kheong	764,500	0.7645
26.	Chan Chee Wai	726,700	0.7267
27.	Sadiah Binti Suleiman	682,600	0.6826
28.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd. pledged securities account for Wong Chee Hao	681,000	0.6810
29.	Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid	626,200	0.6262
30.	Chiat Moh Sdn. Bhd.	402,000	0.4020

Substantial Shareholders (Excluding Bare Trustees) as at 28 February 2023 (As per the Register of Substantial Shareholders)

No.	Name of Holders		No. of Shares Held					
		Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%			
1.	Law Kit Tat	22,007,800	22.0078	-	-			
2.	Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean	10,608,736	10.6087	-	-			
3.	Jalur Bahagia Sdn. Bhd.	9,350,000	9.3500	-	-			
4.	Hang Ah Jee @ Hung Ah Jee	8,796,250	8.7963	-	-			
5.	Neoasas Teknik Sdn. Bhd.	6,830,000	6.8300	-	-			
6.	Sadiah Binti Suleiman	682,600	0.6826	16,180,000ª	16.1800			
7.	Munawir Bin Khadri	-	-	6,830,000 ^b	6.8300			
8.	Haliah Binti Khadri	-	-	9,350,000°	9.3500			

Note:

- a Deemed interested by virtue of her substantial shareholdings in Jalur Bahagia Sdn. Bhd. and Neosas Teknik Sdn. Bhd. by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.
- b Deemed interested by virtue of his substantial shareholdings in Neosas Teknik Sdn. Bhd. by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.
- c Deemed interested by virtue of her substantial shareholdings in Jalur Bahagia Sdn. Bhd. by virtue of Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016.

Directors' Shareholdings as at 28 February 2023

(As per the Register of Directors' Shareholdings)

No.	Name of Directors	No. of Shares Held					
		Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%		
1	Tan Sri Mohamed Al Amin Bin Abdul Majid	626,200	0.6262	-	-		
2.	Law Kit Tat	22,007,800	22.0078	4,921,600*	4.9216		
3.	Wong Chee Sean @ Wong Sean	10,608,736	10.6087	-	-		
4.	Wong Joon Chin	2,150,000	2.1500	-	-		
5.	Law Kee Kong	3,000,000	3.000	-	-		
6.	Choong Shiau Yoon	-	-	-	-		
7.	Han Hing Siew	-	-	-	-		

^{*} Deemed interest in shares held by his son pursuant to Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016



Group Properties

As At 30 November 2022

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The following are the properties of the Group with net book value of 5% or more of consolidated total assets of the Group:

Location	Tenure	Land area	Usage	Net book value as at 30 November 2022 (RM'000)	Year of acquisition
HS(D) 10783 PT 10457, Mukim of Serendah, Daerah Hulu Selangor, Selangor Darul Ehsan	99 years leasehold interest expiring on 4 January 2095	364.80 acres	Future development land	54,650	1997
Plot E-2, comprising whole of HS(D) 317247 PTD116774 and part of HS(D) 317251 PTD 116778; Plot E-4, forming part of HS(D) 317216 PTD 116768; and HSD (D) 317215 PTD116767, all in Mukim of Pulai, Daerah Johor Bahru, Johor Darul Takzim	Freehold	30.91 acres	On-going mixed development project	57,114	2005
HSD 309469, PTD 71080; HS(D) 484310 PTD 175987, Mukim of Pulai, District of Johor Bahru, State of Johor	Freehold	*113.78 acres	Future development land	427,884	2018 & 2021

^{*} Land area as stated in the title

^{*} Land area is calculated based on new sub-divided qualified titles from the original title HS(D) 309469 PTD71080 and includes the Land held under HS(D) 484310 PTD 175987 measuring approximately 2 acres which was acquired on 22 December 2021.



Notice of 40th Annual General Meeting



NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held by way of physical mode at Junior Ballroom 1, Level 11, DoubleTree by Hilton Johor Bahru, No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor on Thursday, 27 April 2023, at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

 To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

[See Explanatory Note 1]

2. To approve the payment of a sum totalling RM270,000.00 as Directors' fees to Non-Executive Directors for the financial year ended 30 November 2022.

[Ordinary Resolution 1]

3. To approve the payment of a sum totalling of RM36,493.15 as Director's fees to Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon for his services as an Independent Non-Executive Director from 1 December 2022 to 27 April 2023.

[Ordinary Resolution 2]

4. To re-elect Mr. Han Hing Siew, a Director retiring by rotation pursuant to Clause 132 of the Company's Constitution.

[Ordinary Resolution 3]

- To re-elect Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon, a Director retiring by rotation pursuant to Clause 132 of the Company's Constitution. Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon has expressed his intention not to seek re-election and will retire at the close of the 40th AGM.
- 6. To re-elect Tan Sri Azhar Bin Azizan @ Harun, a Director retiring pursuant to Clause 117 of the Company's Constitution.

[Ordinary Resolution 4]

 To re-appoint Messrs BDO PLT as Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 30 November 2023 and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

[Ordinary Resolution 5]

By Order of the Board

Lee Wee Hee (MAICSA 0773340) SSM Practicing Certificate No. 201908004010 Hung Siow Ping (MAICSA 7039825) SSM Practicing Certificate No. 202008000534 Company Secretaries 30 March 2023



Notice of 40th Annual General Meeting Cont'd



MODE OF MEETING

The mode of meeting for the 40th Annual General Meeting will be by way of a fully physical meeting held at the meeting venue at Junior Ballroom 1, Level 11, DoubleTree by Hilton Johor Bahru, No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor on 27 April 2023 at 10.00 a.m.

PROXY

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all
 or any of his rights to attend, participate, speak and vote in his stead.
- 2. A member of the Company may appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend the meeting, provided that the member specifies the proportion of the members shareholdings to be represented by each proxy, failing which, the appointments shall be invalid.
- 3. A proxy may but need not be a member and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy.
- 4. Where a member is an Authorised Nominee as defined under The Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account. Where a member of the Company is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account") there shall be no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each Omnibus Account it holds.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, shall be deposited at the Company's Registered office situated at Suite 5.11 & 5.12, 5th Floor, Menara TJB, No. 9, Jalan Syed Mohd. Mufti, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia OR by email to proxyform@countryview.com.my not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 6. An instrument appointing a proxy shall in the case of an individual, be signed by the appointor or by his attorney duly authorised in writing and in the case of a corporation, be either under its common seal or signed by its attorney or in accordance with the provision of its constitution or by an officer duly authorised on behalf of the corporation.
- 7. In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on 20 April 2023, shall be eligible to attend the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/or vote on his behalf.

EXPLANATORY NOTE:-

1. Item 1 of the Agenda - Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 30 November 2022

This Agenda item is meant for discussion only and does not require a formal approval of the shareholders and hence, is not put forward for voting.

Voting by Poll

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements, all resolutions set out in this notice is to be voted by poll.



PROXY FORM

Signature / Common Seal of member/s

Building Homes for Generations
COUNTRY VIEW BERHAD
Reg. No: 198101012190 (78320-K)
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

I/We,							
(NRIC / Company Regis							
of (full address)							
(email address)			and (conta	ct no.)			
a member/members of 0	COUNTRY VIEW	W BERHAD hereby appo	oint:				
Name of Proxy (Full Na	me)	NRIC No./Passport No	D.	% of Shareh (Refer to Note		Represe	nted
Address		Email Address		Contact No.			
* and/or failing him/her							
Name of Proxy (Full Na	me)	NRIC No./Passport No) .	% of Shareh (Refer to Note		Represe	ented
Address	Email Address		Contact No.				
or failing him /her, the Cl General Meeting of the C Ngee Heng, 80000 Joho indicated below in respe * Delete where applicable	Company to be or Bahru, Johor oct of the following the control of the following the control of the following the control of t	held at Junior Ballroom 1 on Thursday, 27 April 20	l, Level 11, D	oubleTree by	Hilton, Johor	Bahru, N	lo. 12, Jalar
ORDINARY BUSINESS	3					For	Against
Ordinary Resolution 1		irectors' fees to Non-Exe ember 2022.	ecutive Direc	tors for the fin	ancial year		
Ordinary Resolution 2	ended 30 November 2022. Ordinary Resolution 2 Approval of a sum totalling of RM36,493.15 as Director's fees to Mr. Choong Shiau Yoon for his services as an Independent Non-Executive Director from 1 December 2022 to 27 April 2023.						
Ordinary Resolution 3	Re-election of	Mr. Han Hing Siew					
Ordinary Resolution 4	Re-election of	Tan Sri Azhar Bin Aziza	n @ Harun				
Ordinary Resolution 5	Re-appointme	ent of Auditors					
(Please indicate with an "X" in this discretion)	the space provided a	above on how you wish your vo	ote to be cast. If	you do not do so,	the proxy will vo	ote or abstai	n from voting a
Dated this	day	of :	2023				
			CDS Accou	ınt No.			
			No. of Shar	es Held			

NOTES:

- A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend, participate, speak and vote in his stead.
- 2. A member of the Company may appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend the meeting, provided that the member specifies the proportion of the members shareholdings to be represented by each proxy, failing which, the appointments shall be invalid.
- 3. A proxy may but need not be a member and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy.
- 4. Where a member is an Authorised Nominee as defined under The Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account. Where a member of the Company is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("Omnibus Account") there shall be no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each Omnibus Account it holds.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, shall be deposited Company's Registered office at Suite 5.11 & 5.12, 5th Floor, Menara TJB, No. 9, Jalan Syed Mohd. Mufti, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia or email to proxyfom@countryview.com.my not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
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- In respect of deposited securities, only members whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on 20 April 2023, shall be eligible to attend the
 meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/or vote on his behalf.

Voting by Poll

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements, all resolutions set out in this notice is to be voted by poll.

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STAMP

The Company Secretary

COUNTRY VIEW BERHAD

Reg. No: 198101012190 (78320-K)

Suite 5.11 & 5.12, 5th Floor, Menara TJB, No. 9, Jalan Syed Mohd. Mufti, 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia

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COUNTRY VIEW BERHAD Reg. No. 198101012190 (78320-K)

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